

Agenda

- Background and Proposed Action
- EIS Process
- Alternatives
- Environmental Impact Categories
- Affected Environment
- Next Steps



Background

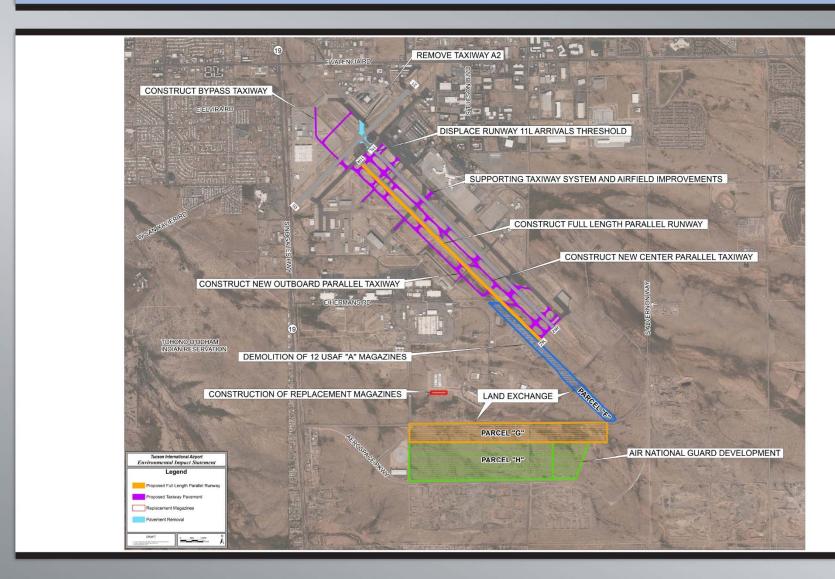
This is an opportunity for the public to learn first-hand what the Federal environmental review process for the Proposed Action entails.

The workshop will be an open house format, with FAA representatives available to provide information and answer questions.



Proposed Action





Need for the Proposed Action



FEDERAL AVIATION ADMINISTRATION (FAA)

- The need to enhance the safety of the airfield and eliminate existing "hot spots"
- The need to prevent aircraft from crossing directly between two parallel runways
- The need to maintain operational capabilities when there is a temporary closure of Runway 11L/29R

UNITED STATES AIR FORCE (USAF)

- The need to maintain Equivalent United States Air Force (USAF) Plant 44 operational capabilities

NATIONAL GUARD BUREAU (NGB)

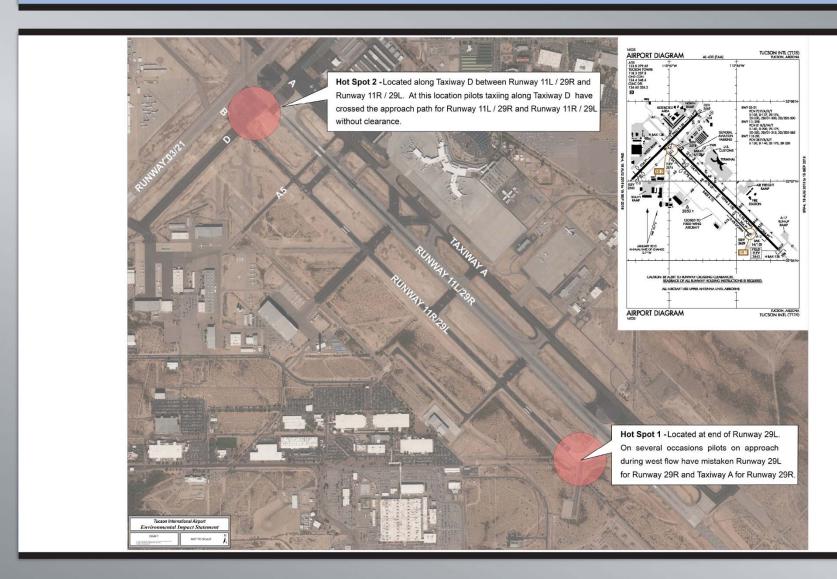
 The need to maintain National Guard Bureau (NGB) Safety Standards and operational capabilities

TUCSON AIRPORT AUTHORITY (TAA)

- The need to enhance the safety of the airfield
- The need to ensure land use compatibility among users of TUS

Purpose and Need

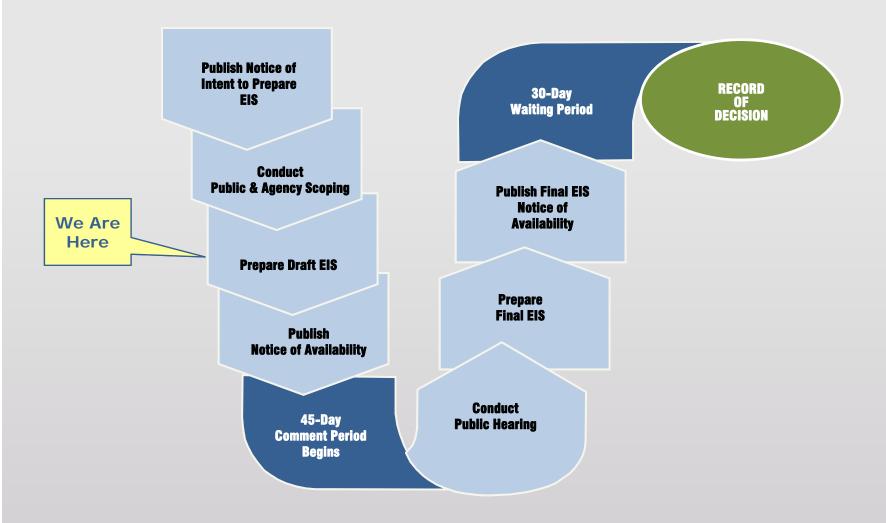




- Role of Federal Aviation Administration (FAA)
 - Serves as the Lead Federal Agency on the EIS.
 - To ensure actions meet the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) goals and policies.
 - Directs the work performed by the Consultant.
- Role of the United States Air Force (USAF) and National Guard Bureau (NGB)
 - Cooperating agency for the EIS.
 - Involved as alternative sites may occur on USAF owned land.
- Role of Airport Sponsor / Tucson Airport Authority (TAA)
 - Assist the FAA in acquiring data.
 - Assist with public involvement and outreach components of the EIS.



EIS Process





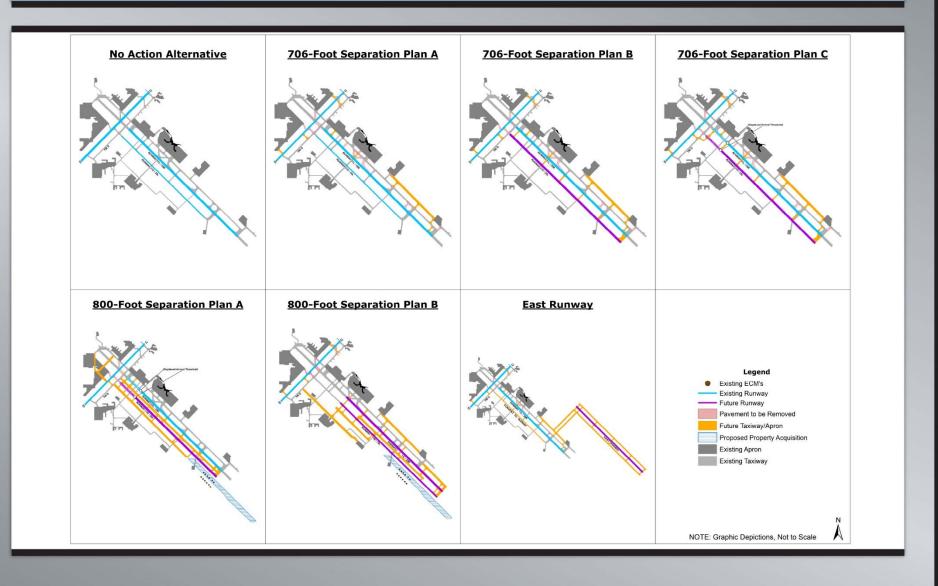
Alternatives

- No Action Alternative
- Development Alternatives
 - Proposed Action
 - Other Airfield Development Alternatives at TUS
- Use of Other Existing Airports



Airfield Safety Enhancements Alternatives

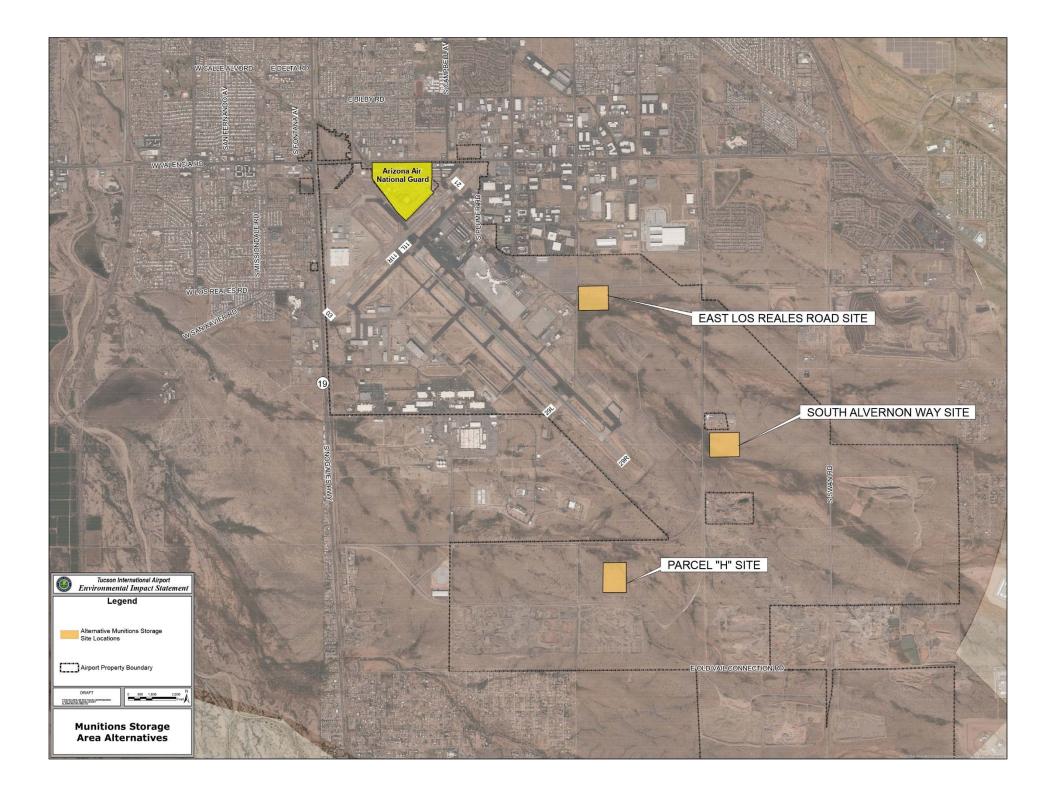




Airfield Safety Enhancement Alternatives



		Alternatives A			
Alternative	Description	Step 1 Achieve the objectives of Purpos and Need - Eliminates Existing Hot Spots?	Step 2 – Practical or Feasible to Implemen from an economic and technical standpoint?	Step 3 Results in Safe and Efficient use of Navigable airspace and Minimizes airfield operational impacts?	Retain for detailed EIS impact evaluation
No Action	- Airport remains as it is today	No	Yes	Yes/No	Yes
706-Foot Separation Plan A	Minimal action to taxiway connectors to increase pilot awareness and limit runway crossings	No			No
706-Foot Separation Plan B	Dual full length parallel runway system Retain both Runway 11's end thresholds	No			No
706-Foot Separation Plan C	Dual full length parallel runway system Displace both Runway 11's thresholds	No			No
800-Foot Separation Plan A	Dual full length parallel runway system Displace both Runway 11's thresholds, end-around Taxiway D for 8-ll aircraft	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
800-Foot Separation Plan B	Dual full length parallel runway system Shift runways southeast, unobstructed end-around Taxiway D	Yes	Yes	No	No
East Runway	Dual full length parallel runway system New Runway 12/30, east of terminal core Dual independent approaches Additional taxiways near west pad	No			No
Ryan Airfield	- Insufficient runway length & airport facilities	Yes	No		No
Marana Regional	- Insufficient runway length & airport facilities	Yes	No		No
Davis-Monthan Air Force Base	- Cannot accept commercial/public traffic	Yes	No		No



		Alternatives Ability to Meet the Established Purposes and Needs			
Alternative	<u>Description</u>	Step 1 Does the Alternative maintain NGB safety standards and operational capabilities?	Step 2 Is the Alternative consistent with airport planned development?	Retain for detailed EIS impact evaluation	
East Los Reales Site	Located east of Air Freight ramp Closest to AANG Security Concerns Conflict with Airport's ultimate development	Yes	No	No	
South Alvernon Way Site	Security and safety concerns due to use of public road and proximity to non-Airport property	Yes	No	No	
Parcel "H" Site	Parcel "H" Site - Located south of AFP 44 - Isolated location - Could provide secure roadway that would not have to leave Airport property		Yes	Yes	
	property Iote: Yes - Satisfies screening crit	teria: No - Does not s	atisfy screening criteria	1	



Environmental Impact Categories

- Air Quality
- Biological Resources (Fish, Wildlife, and Plants)
- Climate
- Coastal Resources
- Department of Transportation Act, Section 4(f)
- Farmlands
- Hazardous Materials, Solid Waste, and Pollution Prevention
- Historical, Architectural, Archeological, and Cultural Resources
- Land Use
- Natural Resources and Energy Supply
- Noise and Compatible Land Use
- Socioeconomics, Environmental Justice, and Children's Environmental Health and Safety Risks
- Visual Effects (including light emissions)
- Water Resources (including wetlands, floodplains, surface waters, groundwater, and wild and scenic rivers)
- Cumulative Impacts

Sources: FAA Order 1050.1F, Environmental Impacts: Policies and Procedures; FAA Order 5050.4B, National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) Implementing Instructions for Airport Actions; Title 32, Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), Part 989 Environmental Impact Analysis Process (EIAP)



Affected Environment



Air Quality

- Pima County is considered maintenance area for Carbon Monoxide (CO) emissions
- A General Conformity Evaluation under the Clean Air Act will be required

Hazardous Materials, Solid Waste, and Pollution Prevention

- Portions of the Airport are listed as Superfund site and remediation is ongoing
- 22 wells located within the Detailed Study Area

Historic, Archaeological, Architectural, and Cultural Resources

- Research and field surveys completed in August 2017
- No structures listed or considered eligible for the National Register of Historic Places within Detailed Study Area
- Assessment of archaeological and cultural sites is ongoing

Environmental Justice (Minority and/or Low Income)

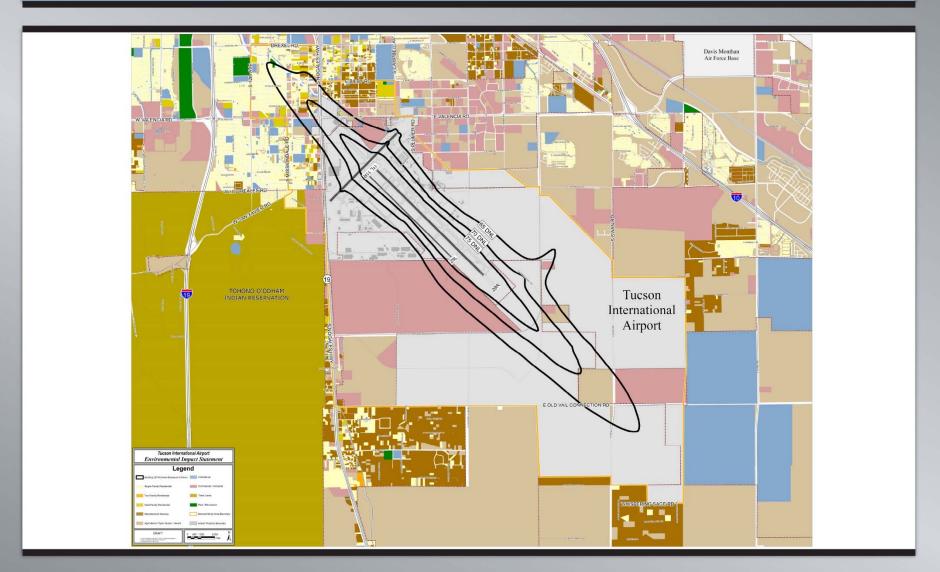
- Sunnyside and Elvira neighborhoods
- Northeastern portion of the San Zavier District of the Tohono O'odham Nation

Resources Not Present in Detailed Study Area

- Coastal Resources
- Prime and Unique Farmlands
- Wild and Scenic Rivers

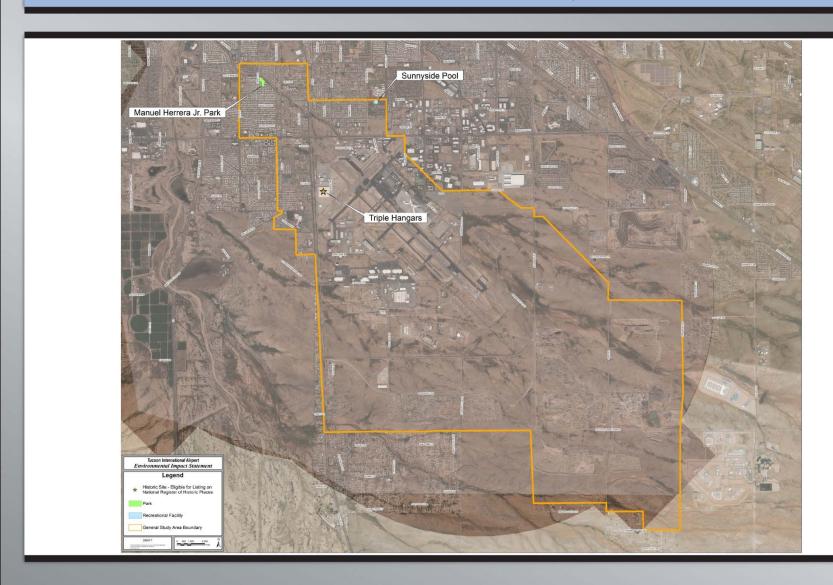
Existing (2016) Noise Exposure Contour





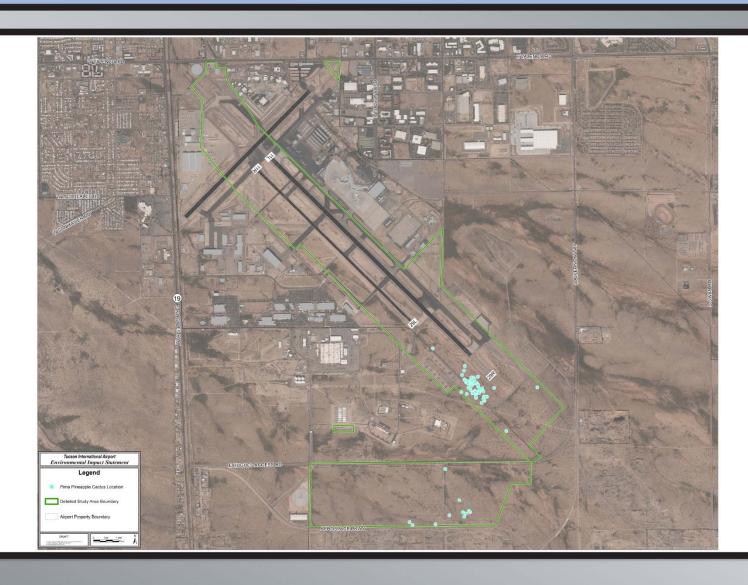
Department of Transportation 4(f) Sites in the General Study Area





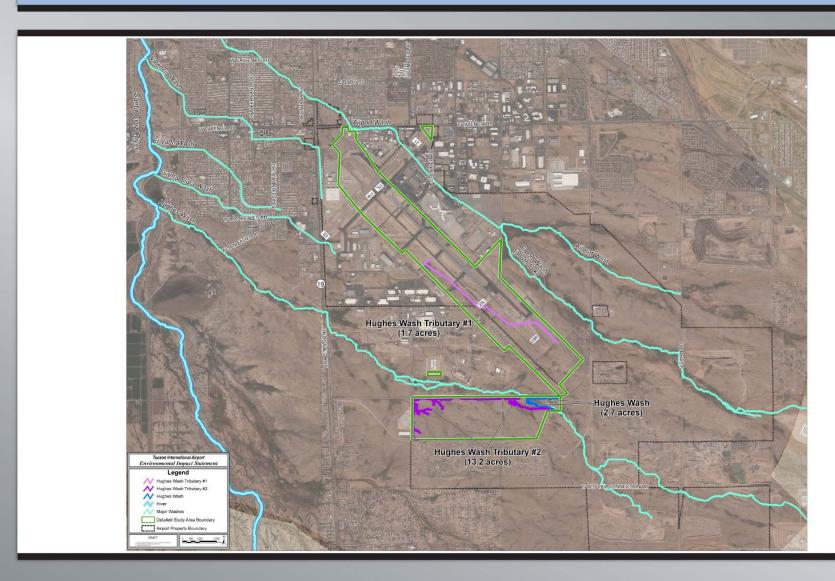
Pima Pineapple Cactus





Water Resources





Next Steps

- FAA Publishes Draft EIS document <u>Spring 2018</u>
- Public Hearing and Workshop <u>Spring 2018</u>
- Final EIS <u>Fall 2018</u>
- FAA issues its finding in a Record of Decision (ROD) – Fall/ Early Winter 2018



Contact

FAA Project Manager

Mr. David B. Kessler, M.A., AICP
Federal Aviation Administration
Western-Pacific Region-Airports Division AWP-610.1
15000 Aviation Boulevard, Lawndale, California
90261 Los Angeles, CA 90261
310-725-3615

