

Appendix D





Appendix D Public Involvement

This appendix provides information related to the public involvement process undertaken during the Chicago Rockford International Airport (RFD or Airport) Part 150 Noise Compatibility Study (Part 150 Study) Update. The materials listed below are contained in this appendix. Over the course of the study a website was maintained to facilitate public announcement of meetings, registration for online virtual public workshops, posting of recordings and presentations for Advisory Committee (AC) and Public Workshops and to allow the public to comment and ask questions regarding the RFD Part 150 Study Update.

Website Address

https://www.airportprojects.net/rfd-part150/home/

AC Meetings (AC Members on next page)

- Committee Invitation Letter
- Meeting Agenda
- Presentation

Public Workshops

- Announcement Letters
- Workshop Presentation

Public Workshop & Public Hearing

- Public Workshop/Hearing Announcement
- Public Hearing Meeting Legal Notices
- Public Workshop/Hearing Presentation
- Public Hearing Transcript
- Public Hearing Comments



Advisory Committee Members

Aprel Prunty, City of Rockford, 5th Ward Aldermen Karl Franzen, City of Rockford, Director of Community & Economic Development Barb Chidley, City of Rockford, Neighborhood Specialist Scott Capovilla, City of Rockford, Planning & Zoning Manager Dan Ross, Rockford Chamber of Commerce, Board of Directors Chairman Timothy Owens, Village of New Milford, Village President Michael Dunn, Rockford Metropolitan Agency for Planning, Executive Director Jeff Matz, UPS, Airport Properties Manager Mary Barnicle, Amazon, Public Policy Jonathon German, Atlas Air, Station Manager Adam Wold, Emery Air, Director of Operations Josh Bachman, Emery Air, FBO Assistant Manager Troy Primus, AAR, VP of Operations Amy Hanson, FAA, Environmental Protection Specialist Bob Beauchamp, FAA, Environmental Program Manager Shawn Lowry, FAA, Air Traffic Control Tower Manager Richard Borus, IDOT, Airport Program Engineer Zach Oakley, GRAA, Deputy Director of Operations and Planning Seth Nygren, GRAA, Operations Manager Terrence Schaddel, CMT, Senior Project Manager Jesse Baker, L&B, Project Manager Sarah Farsalas, L&B, Deputy Project Manager Alan Hass, L&B, Associate VP Kirsten Hammons, L&B, Analyst



Advisory Committee Meeting #1 December 8, 2021

- Committee Invitation Letter
- Presentation

Note: Meeting presentation and recording of meeting are available on the study website at https://www.airportprojects.net/rfd-part150/home/advisory-committee/



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AC INVITATION LETTER

CHICAGO ROCKFORD

INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT

November 15, 2021

RE: Chicago Rockford International Airport (RFD) Part 150 Noise Compatibility Study Update

Dear

The Greater Rockford Airport Authority (GRAA) is initiating a study to document the noise effects from aircraft operations at Chicago Rockford International Airport (RFD). The study is commonly referred to as a Part 150 Noise Compatibility Study (Part 150 Study) Update. The purpose for conducting a Part 150 Study is to develop a balanced and cost-effective plan to reduce current noise impacts, where practical, and to limit the potential for future noise impacts. The GRAA has contracted with Landrum & Brown, a consulting firm specializing in airport noise and noise compatibility planning, to manage this study.

We are writing to ask for your participation on the **Advisory Committee (AC)** that is being formed as part of the Part 150 Study. The AC will consist of representatives from the communities in the vicinity of the airport which are most affected by aircraft operations, airport users, local planning organizations, elected officials or staff members, local citizen groups, Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) representatives, and airport staff. The AC will review study findings, comment on study recommendations before they are presented to the public atlarge, and will participate in discussions related to aircraft noise issues.

The AC will meet three (3) times during **online virtual meetings** over the course of the Part 150 Study. The first meeting of the AC is anticipated to be held in December. If you or your organization elects to participate in the AC, a invitation link to the meeting will be sent via email. Each meeting will last approximately two hours. AC members will receive meeting announcements, directions, and an agenda in advance of the meetings. Meeting materials will also be posted on the study website: <u>https://www.airportprojects.net/rfd-part150/</u>

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CHICAGO ROCKFORD



INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT

We value and look forward to your input and participation in this process. If your organization would like to participate, please RSVP by November 26th, 2021. Please include the name and contact information for the individual from your organization who will be serving on the committee. Email your RSVP to Jesse Baker at jesse.baker@landrumbrown.com.

Sincerely,

ROMS ~

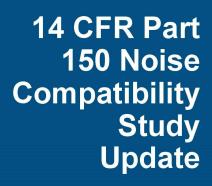
Zach Oakley

C: Ms. Amy Hanson, Environmental Protection Specialist, Chicago Airports District Office Mr. Richard Borus, P.E., Airport Programming, Planning & Environment Section, IDOT Div. of Aeronautics

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MEETING PRESENTATION



Advisory Committee Meeting | December 2021





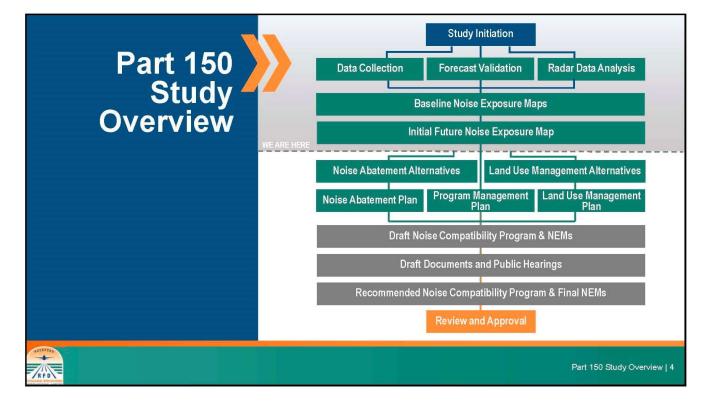
RFD



- Introduction
- Role of the Advisory Committee
- Part 150 Study Overview, Process & Elements
- Public Involvement
- History of Noise Abatement Planning
- Noise Modeling Input Data Collection
- Baseline Noise Exposure Contours
- Next Steps



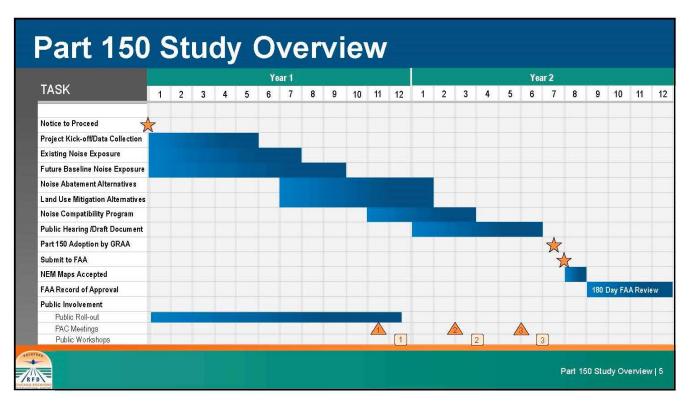


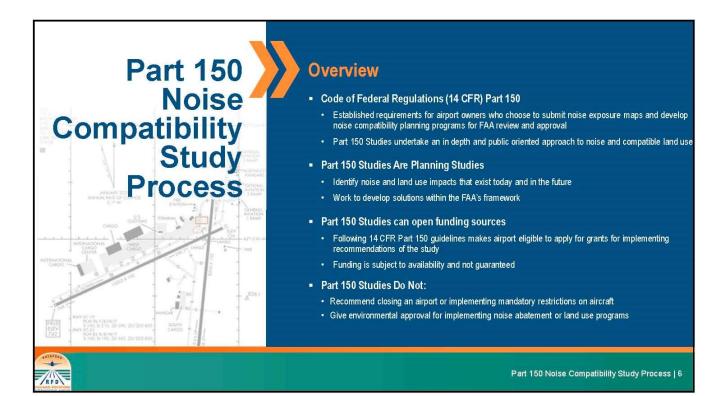


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Noise Exposure Maps

- Description of the noise levels for existing and future (+5 years) conditions
- Future condition should take into account any changes (physical or operational) that may have an effect on the noise levels around the airport
 - Examples of physical changes may include: runway threshold relocation, changes in terminal/gate layout, new aircraft parking facilities
 - Examples of operational changes may include: changes in aircraft operating levels, and fleet mix, new flight tracks, new destinations

Essential Elements of a Part 150 Study

Noise Compatibility Program

- Recommendations for reducing, minimizing, and/or mitigating aircraft noise and land use conflicts
 - Noise Abatement
 - Land Use Mitigation
 - Program Management

RFD

Essential Elements of a Part 150 Study | 7





RFD

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History of Noise Compatibility Planning



Federal Regulations and Guidelines

- Jet Age + Rapid Expansion of Airports + Continued Suburban Development/Sprawl = Adverse Noise Impacts
- Aviation Noise Abatement Policy of 1976
- Aviation Safety and Noise Abatement Act of 1979
 - 14 CFR Part 150 (1981) established requirements for airport owners who choose to submit noise exposure maps and develop noise compatibility planning programs to the FAA for review and approval.
 - Typically voluntary on the part of the sponsor and is not an automatic requirement of the Federal government.
- Airport Noise and Capacity Act of 1990
 - Established phase-out timeline of Stage 2 aircraft (Commercial aircraft >75,000 lbs.)
 - Restricted airports from imposing locally based, non-voluntary restrictions without first completing a Part 161 Study. (To date no Part 161 restrictions request has been submitted and fully approved by the FAA)
- FAA Final Policy on Part 150 Noise Mitigation Measures (Oct 1, 1998)
 - New homes constructed within an FAA-approved and published noise exposure contour are NOT eligible for remedial noise mitigation.

History of Noise Compatibility Planning | 9

Previous Studies

Established existing noise abatement measures in place at RFD

- 1990 Part 150 Study
- 1995 Part 150 Study
- 2003 Part 150 Study
- 2012 NEM Update

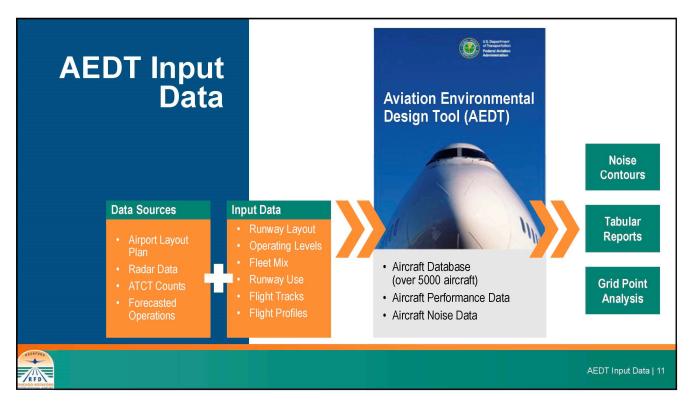
History of Noise Compatibility Planning at RFD

This Part 150 Update will...

- Update Noise Exposure Maps for Existing (2020) and Future (2027) Baseline conditions
- Review existing NCP
- Modify existing NCP measures where necessary
- Recommend new noise abatement and/or land use mitigation measures based on land use incompatibilities within the 65+ DNL noise contour









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Data Collection

Overview

- Existing (2020) Baseline condition input data based on most recent 12 months of data from:
 - FAA's Traffic Flow Management System (TFMS) data
 - FAA's Operational Network (OPSNET)
 - Radar track data received from the FAA's National Offload Program (NOP)
- Existing (2020) Baseline condition cargo operations primarily consist of:
 - Boeing 767-200 Series Freighter (767CF6) 34%
 - Boeing 757-200 Series Freighter (757PW / 757RR) 33%
 - Airbus A300B4-600 Series (A300-622R) 24%
- Future (2027) Baseline condition input data based on data from:
- Existing (2020) Baseline condition
 - AEDT Flight Tracks
 Runway Utilization
 Time of Day
 Stage length
- Forecast Working Paper Sensitivity Analysis, 2021
 Annual Operations
 Fleet Mix
- Future (2027) Baseline condition cargo operations primarily consist of:
 - Boeing 767-300 ER Freighter (7673ER) 43%
 - Boeing 757-200 Series Freighter (757PW / 757RR) 23%
 - Airbus A300B4-600 Series (A300-622R) 25%

Data Collection | 13

Percent of Total 40.9% 11.4% 4.7% 40.4% 0.1% 2.4%

Collection | 14

Operations				
Aircraft Type	2020 Annual Operations	2020 A Day	verage Ann Night	ual Day Total
Cargo Aircraft	17,494.8	18.4	29.5	47.9
Commercial Aircraft	4,885.2	10.1	3.3	13.4
General Aviation Jets	2,006.0	5.2	0.3	5.5
General Aviation Props	17,286.9	46.2	1.2	47.4
General Aviation Helicopter	57.1	0.1	0.1	0.2
Military Aircraft	1,031.0	2.8		2.8
Grand Total	42,761	82.7	34.4	117.2



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Data Collection

Future (2027) Baseline Condition Forecasted Aircraft Operations

Aircraft Type	2027 Annual	2027 A	Percent of		
Анстан туре	Operations	Day	Night	Total	Total
Cargo Aircraft	29,936.0	34.6	47.4	82.0	48.0%
Commercial Aircraft	4,394.0	11.4	0.7	12.0	7.0%
General Aviation Jets	10,096.1	25.7	2.0	27.7	16.2%
General Aviation Props	16,189.3	42.6	1.7	44.4	26.0%
General Aviation Helicopter	57.0	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1%
Military Aircraft	1,670.0	4.6		4.6	2.7%
Grand Total	62,342.4	119.0	51.8	170.8	100.0%

Data Collection | 15

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Existing (2020) & Future (2027) Baseline Condition Arrival Runway Utilization

Aircraft Category	Runway End							
All crait Galegory	01	07	19	25	H1	H2	Total	
		Daytime A	rrivals					
Cargo Jets	21.6%	25.9%	14.8%	37.7%			100.0%	
Commercial Jets	21.4%	23.6%	16.6%	38.4%			100.0%	
General Aviation Jets	24.3%	26.5%	10.1%	39.2%			100.0%	
General Aviation Props	27.2%	17.2%	19.4%	36.2%			100.0%	
General Aviation Helicopter				-4-		100.0%	100.0%	
Military Aircraft		54.8% (50.0%)	5.5% (10.4%)	39.7% (39.6%)			100.0%	
Military Helicopter		'		1	100.0%		100.0%	
	- 10	Nighttime /	Arrivals		e			
Cargo Jets	26.1%	40.1%	7.2%	26.6%			100.0%	
Commercial Jets	22.8%	29.0%	4.3%	43.8%			100.0%	
General Aviation Jets	28.6%	21.4%	14.3%	35.7%			100.0%	
General Aviation Props	11.5%	26.9%	15.4%	46.2%			100.0%	
General Aviation Helicopter						100.0%	100.0%	
Military Aircraft								
Military Helicopter								

Data Collection | 16



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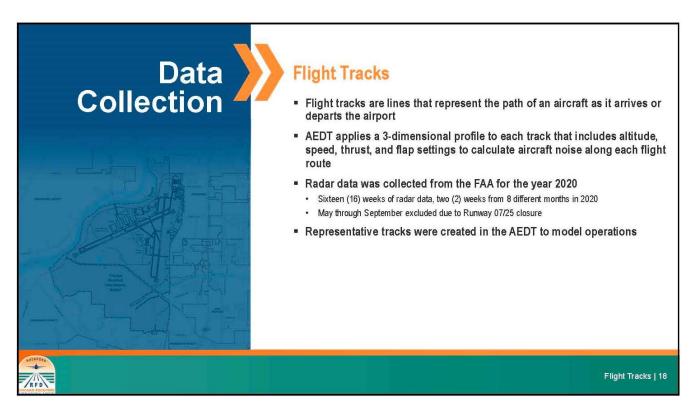
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Data Collection

Existing (2020) & Future (2027) Baseline Condition Departure Runway Utilization

Aircraft Category	Runway End						
All crait Gategory	01	07	19	25	H1	H2	Total
	D	aytime De	partures				
Cargo Jets	6.7%	21.8%	16.9%	54.7%			100.0%
Commercial Jets	12.9%	23.6%	23.0%	40.5%			100.0%
General Aviation Jets	14.5%	17.9%	24.9%	42.8%			100.0%
General Aviation Props	18.2%	16.1%	27.8%	37.9%	12		100.0%
General Aviation Helicopter						100.0%	100.0%
Military Aircraft	11.8% (6.7%)	11.8% (6.7%)	31.7% (38.6%)	44.6% (47.9%)		-	100.0%
Military Helicopter					100.0%	-	100.0%
	Ni	ghttime De	epartures	· · · · ·	·	с »	
Cargo Jets	2.3%	13.6%	24.4%	59.7%			100.0%
Commercial Jets	3.0%	43.8%	14.2%	39.1%			100.0%
General Aviation Jets		10.0%	30.0%	60.0%			100.0%
General Aviation Props		15.2%	40.6%	40.6%			100.0%
General Aviation Helicopter						100.0%	100.0%
Military Aircraft							
Military Helicopter							

Data Collection | 17





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Data Collection

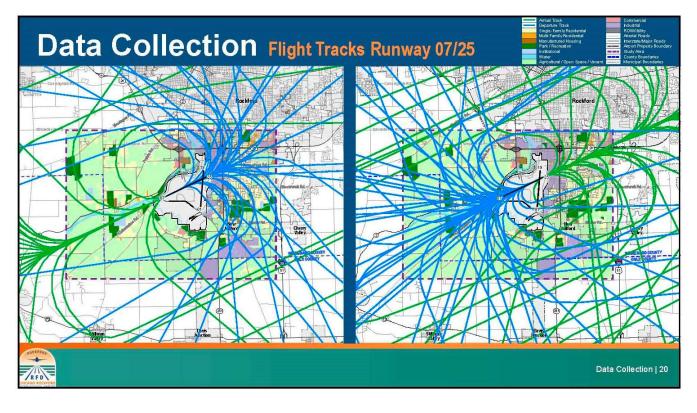
Flight Profiles

- All arrivals are categorized Stage Length 1
- All general aviation prop/helicopter and military departures are categorized Stage Length 1
- Cargo, commercial and general aviation jets are categorized by distance to destination from RFD

Stage Length	Distance (nautical miles)	Typical Destinations
1	0-500	SDF, MSP, MCI
2	501 - 1,000	DFW, BWI, DEN
3	1,001 - 1,500	ONT, MIA, SEA
4	1,501 - 2,500	OAK, ANC
5	2,501 - 3,500	International
6	3,501 - 4,500	International
7	4,501 - 5,500	International

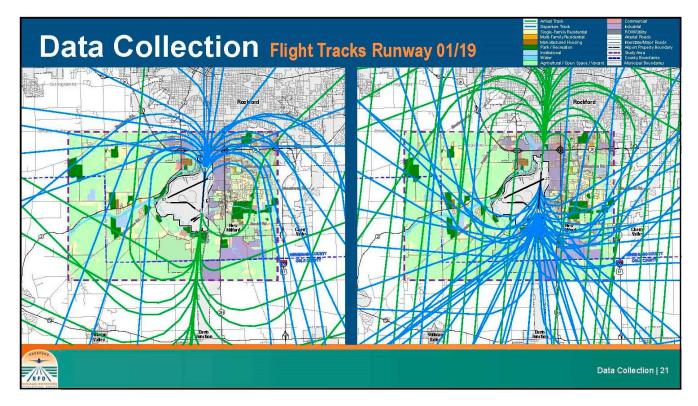
Aircraft Category		Stage Length						
All craft Galegory	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	Total
		Daytim	e Departu	res				
Cargo Jets	26.5%	15.9%	56.3%	0.7%		0.6%	0.0%	100.0%
Commercial Jets	2.9%	76.6%	19.1%	1.4%		0.1%		100.0%
General Aviation Jets	99.2%	0.8%						100.0%
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Nighttin	1e Departi	ires				
Cargo Jets	33.8%	29.0%	25.8%	11.0%	0.0%	0.4%		100.0%
Commercial Jets	43.6%	28.6%	27.7%	0.2%				100.0%
General Aviation Jets	100.0%							100.0%

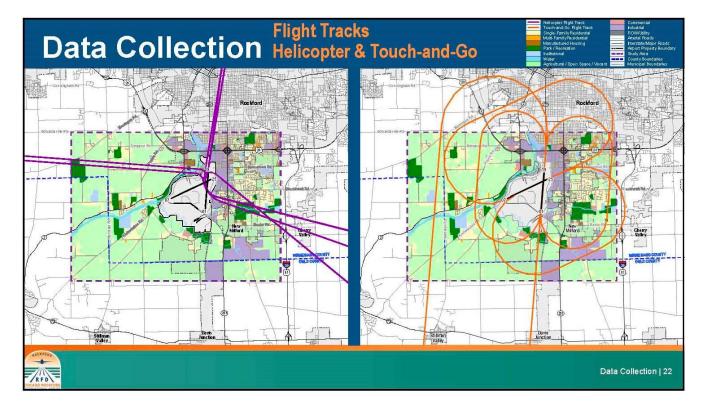
Flight Tracks | 19



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Appendix D Public Involvement | D-17



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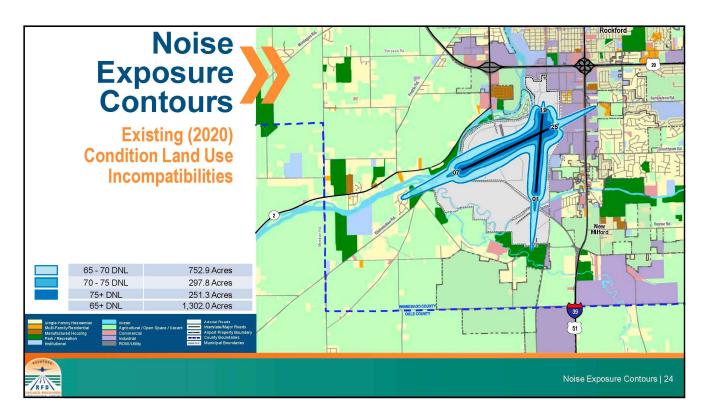
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Noise Exposure Contours



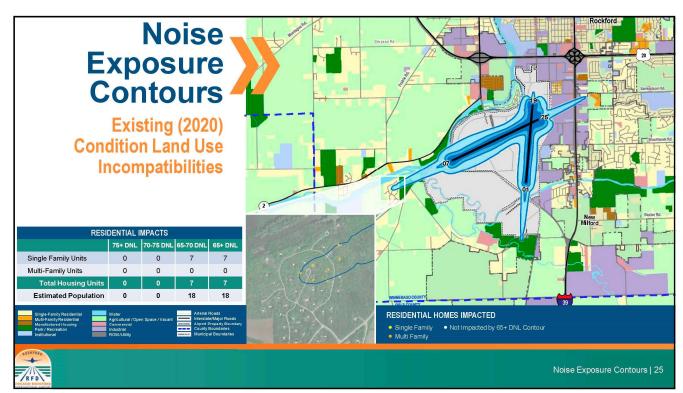
- Represents an annual-average day (1 year of operations/365 days)
- Described with a set of continuous lines that represent equal levels of noise
- Prepared using the FAA's Airport Environmental Design Tool (AEDT) Ver 3d
- Must use specific noise metric: Day-Night Average Sound Level (DNL)
- DNL represents 24-hour average noise level
- Penalty for nighttime (10:00 p.m. 6:59 a.m.) flights (x 10)
- National standard for all Federal agencies
- 65 DNL identified as threshold for impact to noise sensitive land uses

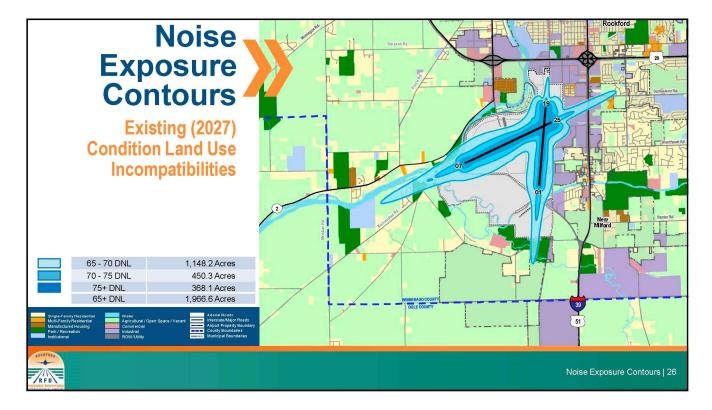
Noise Exposure Contours | 23



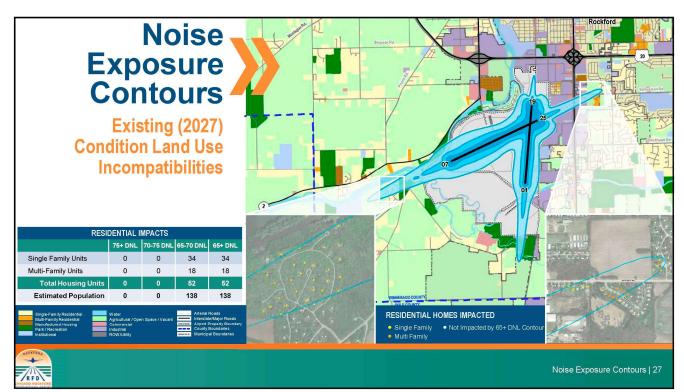
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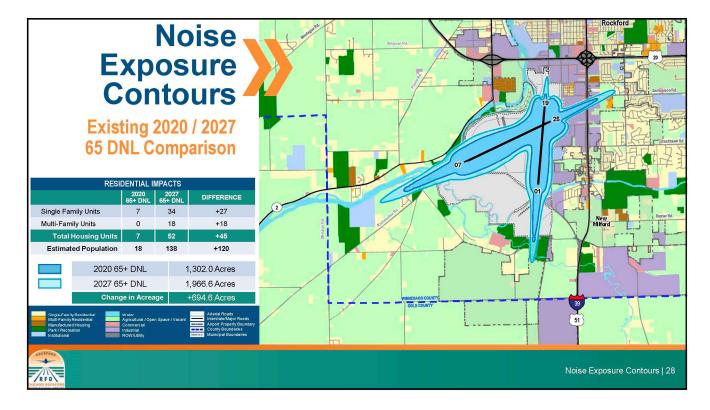














N	ext St	teps
	Study Initiation	
Data Collection	Forecast Validation	Radar Data Analysis
Drat	ft Baseline Noise Exposur	е Мар
Dra	aft Future Noise Exposure	Мар
Noise Abatement Alt	ernatives Land Use	Management Alternatives
Noise Abatement Plan	Program Management Plan	Land Use Management Plan
Draft No	oise Compatibility Program	n & NEMs
Draft	Documents and Public He	earings
Recommended	Noise Compatibility Progr	am & Final NEMs
	Review and Approval	

- Noise Compatibility Program (NCP) Alternatives Analysis
 - **Noise Abatement Alternatives**

Purpose: To ABATE noise levels in surrounding communities

Land Use Mitigation Alternatives

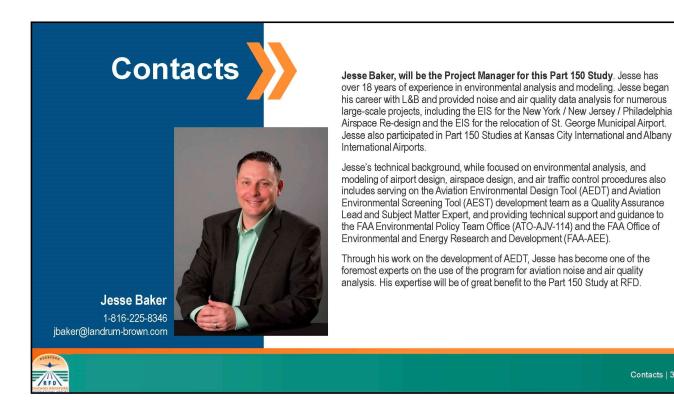
Purpose: To MITIGATE noise levels in surrounding communities

• **Program Management Alternatives**

Purpose: To **PROVIDE** administrative and management actions to allow the airport to maintain land use compatibility in surrounding communities

Develop Recommended NCP Measures & Program Map

Next Steps | 29



Contacts | 30



Advisory Committee Meeting #2 November 17, 2022

- AC Meeting Announcement
- Presentation

Note: Meeting presentation and recording of meeting are available on the study website at https://www.airportprojects.net/rfd-part150/home/advisory-committee/



Draft | October 2023

AC MEETING ANNOUNCEMENT

CHICAGO ROCKFORD

INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT

ADVISORY COMMITTEE MEETING ANNOUNCMENT

Where: Online (Microsoft Teams)

When: November 17, 2022, from 2:00 p.m. - 4:00 p.m.

The Greater Rockford Airport Authority (GRAA) is requesting your participation as a member of the Advisory Committee for the Part 150 Noise Compatibility Study it is conducting. This will be the second of three Advisory Committee and the materials presented will focus on the Noise Compatibility Program (NCP) at RFD. The recommended measures included in the NCP are designed to minimize the impacts of aviation noise to the surrounding community and enhance the administration of the overall noise compatibility program for RFD.

AGENDA

- Introduction
- **Review Future 2027 Noise Contour**
- **NCP Background Information** .
- **Existing RFD NCP Measures and Recommendations** .
- Noise Abatement and Land Use Mitigation Screening and Recommendations .
- Land Use Mitigation Recommendations .
 - **Residential Sound Insulation Program** 0
 - **Avigation Easements** 0
 - Improved Building Codes 0
 - Voluntary Fair Disclosure 0

The meeting will be held on Microsoft Teams, a recording of the meeting will be made available on the study website provided below. If you can not attend but would like another representative from your organization to attend, please forward this invitation to them.

https://www.airportprojects.net/rfd-part150/

Please email RSVP to:

jesse.baker@landrumbrown.com

We value and look forward to your input and participation in this process.

Sincerely,

Zach Oakley Deputy Director of Operations and Planning

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MEETING PRESENTATION

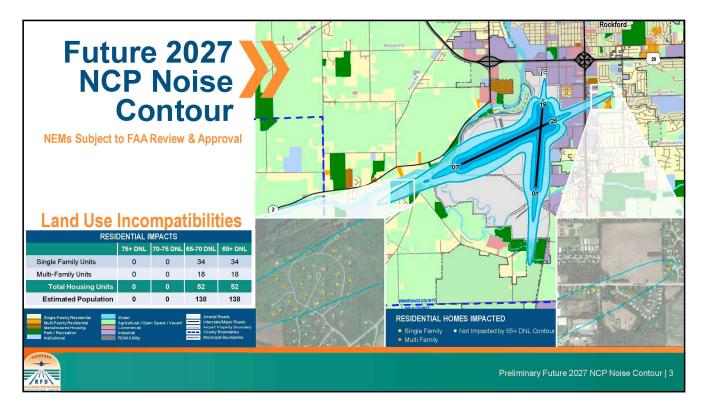


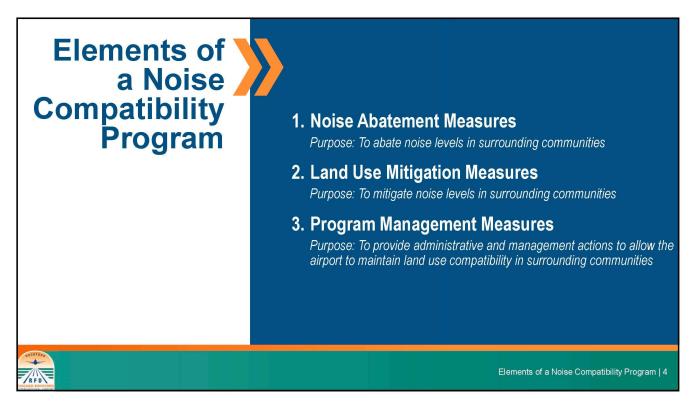
Agenda

- Future 2027 Noise Compatibility Program (NCP) Noise Contour
- Elements of a Noise Compatibility Program
- Previously Approved Noise Abatement Measures
- Noise Abatement Screening & Recommendations
- Previously Approved Land Use Mitigation Measures
 - Remedial / Corrective
 - Preventative
- Land Use Mitigation Screening, Recommendations & Cost
- Previously Approved Program Management Measures
- Program Management Screening, Recommendations & Cost
- Next Steps

RFD







Appendix D Public Involvement | D-25



RFD

14 CFR PART 150 NOISE COMPATIBILITY STUDY UPDATE Greater Rockford Airport Authority

Elements of a Noise Compatibility Program

Types Of NCP Measures:

Noise Abatement

- Flight Track Location
- Runway Use
- · Flight Management
- Ground Activity Restrictions
- Facility Modification

Land Use Mitigation

- Preventive
- Remedial / Corrective

Program Management

- Noise Complaint Protocols
- Management of Noise Program
- Updates to NEM/NCP

Elements of a Noise Compatibility Program | 5

Previously Approved Noise Abatement Measures | 6

Previously Approved Noise Abatement Measures

Measure	Description	Responsible Party	2003 Status	Current Status	2022 NCP Recommendatio
	Approved	d Noise Abate	ement Measu	res	
NA-1	Maintain existing noise abatement procedures per Tower Order of June 15, 1984.	Air Traffic Control Tower (ATCT), Airlines, GRAA	Approved as Voluntary	Implemented as Conditions Allow	Recommended to be withdrawn
NA-2	Aircraft in excess of 12,500 pounds departing Runway 25 should be directed to turn 20 degrees to the right of left as soon as practicable after takeoff.		Previously wit	ndrawn in the 1994 NCP	
NA-3	All aircraft departing on Runway 7 should be fanned along three departure tracks: Left, Right, and Center.	ATCT, Airlines, GRAA	Approved as Voluntary	Implemented as Conditions Allow	Recommended to be continued
NA-4	Direct pilots of C-130s to turn as tightly as practicable when training on Runway 19.	ATCT, Airlines, GRAA	Approved as Voluntary	Not Applicable	Recommended to be withdrawn
NA-5	Direct pilots of air carrier jets, when training on Runway 01, to begin turning to downwind leg after four Distance Measuring Equipment (DME) from localizer and establishing the downwind leg at five DME.		Previously wit	ndrawn in the 1994 NCP	
NA-6	Establishment of an informal preferential runway use plan, weather and operating requirements permitting, as follows for aircraft weighing more than 12,500 pounds, using a five-knot taliwind and 15- knot crosswind component for runway assignment.	Previ	iously withdrawn in t	he 2003 NCP (Replaced	by NA-10)

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2022 NCP

Recommendation



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Responsible

Part

2003 Status

Current Status

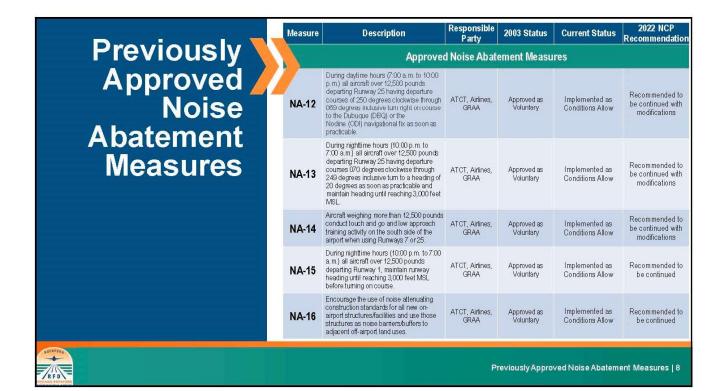
Previously Approved Noise Abatement Measures

Measure

Description

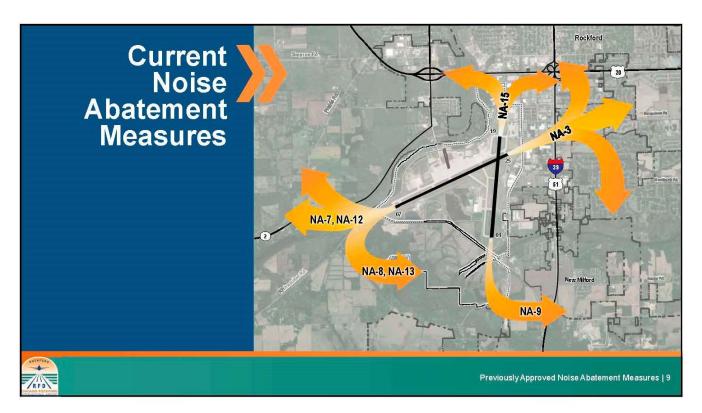
_		r arcy			
	Approved	l Noise Abate	ement Measu	ires	
NA-7	During nightlime hours (10.00 p m to 7.00 a m) all aircraft over 12,500 pounds departing Rurway 25 having departure courses of 250 degrees clockwise through 069 degrees inclusive turn right on course to the Dubuque (DBQ) or the Nodine (C0D) navigational fix as soon as practicable.	ATCT, Airlines, GRAA	Approved as Voluntary	Implemented as Conditions Allow	Recommended to be continued with modifications
NA-8	During daytime hours (7:00 a.m. to 10:00 p.m.) all aircraft over 12,500 pounds departing Runway 25 having departure courses 070 degreesclockwise through 249 degrees inclusive retain 20-degree left turm and maintain heading until reaching 3,000 feet mean sea level (MSL).	ATCT, Airlines, GRAA	Approved as Voluntary	Implemented as Conditions Allow	Recommended to be continued with modifications
NA-9	During nightlime hours (10.00 p.m. to 7.00 a.m.) all aircraft over 12,500 pounds departing Runway 19 having departure courses of 0 degrees clockwise through 190 degrees maintain numway heading until reaching 3,000 feet MSL before turning on course.	ATCT, Airlines, GRAA	Approved as Voluntary	Implemented as Conditions Allow	Recommended to be continued with modifications
NA-10	Establish an informal preferential rurway use plan for all daytime and nighttime operations after Rurway 7/25 is extended.	ATCT, Airlines, GRAA	Approved as Voluntary	Implemented as Conditions Allow	Recommended to be continued
NA-11	For all aircraft requiring more than 8,000 feet certified takeoff length, Rurway 25 preferred.	ATCT, Airlines, GRAA	Approved as Voluntary	Implemented as Conditions Allow	Recommended to be continued

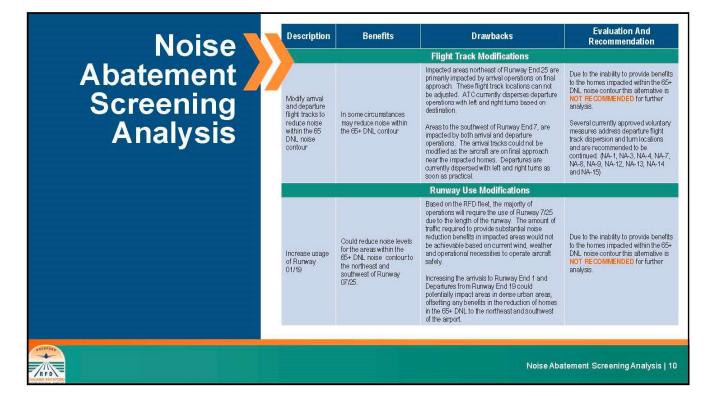
Previously Approved Noise Abatement Measures | 7



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Evaluation And



RFD

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Noise Abatement Screening Analysis

Descriptio

Description	Benefits	Drawbacks	Recommendation
	Aircraf	t Operational Procedure Modifications	
Optimized Profile Descent Approach procedure	Optimized Profile Descent (OPD) procedures (previcus) known as continuous descent approach (DDA) have been used at some airports to reduce approach noise at a distance from the airport. Generally, their most notable effect nelates to reduced fuel burn and corresponding air emissions.	Potential noise reduction benefits would be limited to areas outside DNL 65+ noise contour. Due to the impacted homes location, implementing OPD's would have no significant noise benefit for impacted homes.	Due to the inability to provide benefits to the homes impacted within the 65+ DNL noise contour this alternative is NOT RECOMMENDED for further analysis.
mplement Distant Noise Abatement Departure Profiles (NADP)	Implementing Distant NADPs can potentially reduce noise for areas further away from the runway end (greater than three miles).	Distant NADPs can potentially increase noise for areas closer to the runway end. Due to the impacted homes location, implementing NADP's would have no significant noise benefit for impacted homes.	Due to the inability to provide benefits to the homes impacted within the 65+ DNL noise contour this alternative is NOT RECOMMENDED for further analysis.
Implement Close-in Noise Abatement Departure Profiles (NADP)	Implementing Close-in NADPs can potentially reduce noise for areas in close proximity to the runway end (less than three miles).	Close-in NADPs can potentially increase noise for areas farther away from the runway end. Due to the fleet mix at RFD many of the aircraft would not have the capabilities to execute Close-in NADP's.	Due to the inability to provide benefits to the homes impacted within the 66+ DNL noise contour this alternative is NOT RECOMMENDED for further analysis.
Moderate Reverse Thrust on Landing	Reduces the amount of noise from the application of reverse thrust after landing.	Reverse thrust can not be eliminated altogether and would be up to the discretion of the pilot. Due to the location of the homes and the anticipated participation, significant reductions to the number of impacted homes in the 65+ DNL are unlikely.	Due to the inability to provide benefits to the homes impacted within the 65+ DNL noise contour this alternative is NOT RECOMMENDED for further analysis.

Noise Abatement Screening Analysis | 11

Noise Abatement Screening Analysis

Description	Benefits	Drawbacks	Evaluation And Recommendation
		Airport Facility Modifications	
Extend Runway 1/19	Additional aircraft in the RFD fleet mix would be able utilize Runway 1/19, potentially-reducing the utilization of Runway 7/25.	New residential areas to the north and south of the airport could be impacted by increasing utilization of Runway 1/19. Existing buildings and readways to the north and the Kishwaukee River and existing rairload to the south limit the potential length of Runway 1/19. The cost benefit of such a project is not practical.	Due to the cost of this measure and limitations to the final runwaylength this alternative is NOT RECOMMENDE to be continued for further analysis.
Ground Run-up Enclosures (GRE)	Can reduce jet run-up noise levels by up to 20 dB.	Currently there are no significant jet aircraft maintenance activities that would justify the cost- benefit of constructing GRE's.	Due to the inability to provide benefits to the homes impacted within the 65+ DNL noise contour this alternative is NOT RECOMMENDED for further analysis.
		Airport Facility Restrictions	
Implement Airport Operational Restrictions (Part 161 Restrictions) such as: noise- time-based landing fees, airport capacity restrictions based on relative "noisiness", aircraft type restrictions based on "noisiness"	Can resolve noise annoyance issues with certain loud aircraft events or aircraft types operating at RFD.	Such restrictions would be subject to the costly and time-consuming analytical requirements under Federal Aviation Regulations Part 161. The FAA has never officially approved such measures. Would have severe financial ramifications both to the Airport and the region.	Restrictions on access to an airport are measures of last resort for use in the most extreme cases of noise impact. This alternative is NOT RECOMMENDED for further analysis.

RFD

Noise Abatement Screening Analysis | 12



RED

14 CFR PART 150 NOISE COMPATIBILITY STUDY UPDATE Greater Rockford Airport Authority

Noise Abatement Recommendations

Existing Noise Abatement Measures

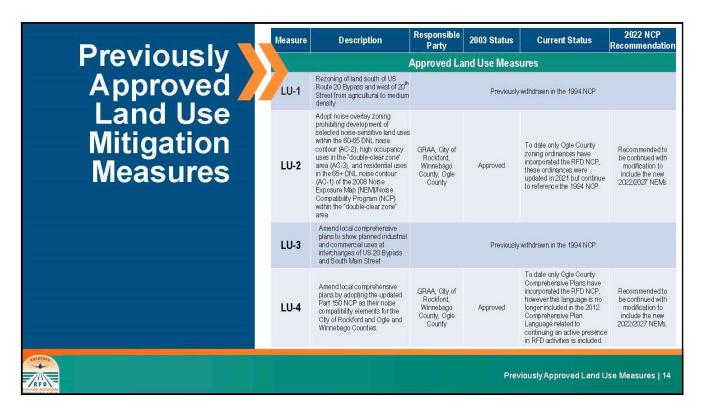
Five (5) measures recommended to continue

Six (6) measures recommended to continue with modifications

Two (2) measures recommended to be withdrawn

The currently implemented noise abatement measures reduce noise impacts within the 65+ DNL noise contour to the fullest extent possible

Noise Abatement Recommendations | 13



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Previously Approved Land Use Measures | 15



RFD

RFD

14 CFR PART 150 NOISE COMPATIBILITY STUDY UPDATE Greater Rockford Airport Authority

Previously Approved Land Use Mitigation Measures

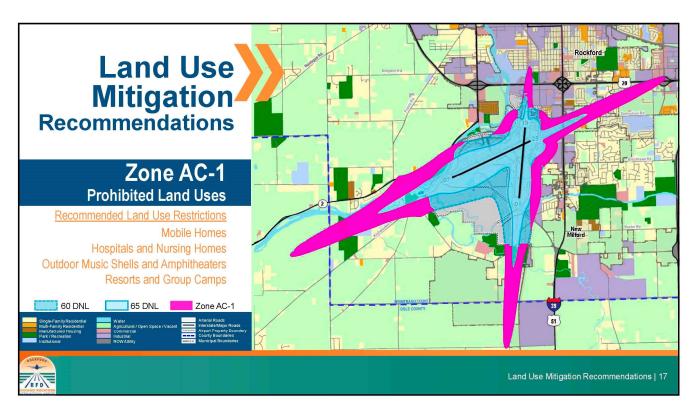
Measure	Description	Responsible Party	2003 Status	Current Status	2022 NCP Recommendation		
1		Approved La	nd Use Meas	ures			
LU-5	Adopt guidelines for discretionary review of development projects for the City of Rockford, Winnebago County, Ogle County, and the GRAA	GRAA, City of Rockford, Winnebago County, Ogle County	Approved	Implemented as Needed	Recommended to be continued with modification to include the new 2022/2027 NEMs.		
LU-6	Acquire homes off the approach end of Runway 19	Previously withdrawn in the 1994 NCP					
LU-7	Encourage Forest Preserve District to consider acquisition of land adjacent to the existing Forest Preserves south of the airport	Previously withdrawn in the 1994 NCP					
LU-8	Voluntary acquisition of single- family residences on Blackhawk Island in the 2008 NEMNCP 65 DNL noise contour	GRAA	Approved	Fully Implemented	Recommended to be withdrawn from NCP		
LU-9	Redevelop airport-owned land parcels located along Kishwaukee Street south of Research Parkway	GRAA	Approved	The implementation of this is measure pending, dependent upon the interest of a potential developer and the availability of funding.	Recommended to be continued		
LU-10	Consideration of transfer of GRAA land of high natural value along Kishwaukee River to Forest Preserve or park district to be maintained as natural area and airport noise buffer	Previously withdrawn in the 2003 NCP					

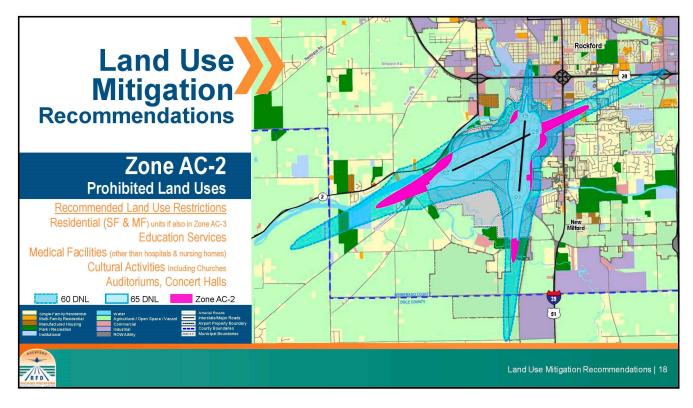
Previously Approved Land Use Mitigation Measures

Measure	Description	Responsible Party	2003 Status	Current Status	2022 NCP Recommendation
1		Approved La	nd Use Meas	ures	
LU-11	Acquire development and overflight rights via purchase of land use and avigation essement over undeveloped parcel in Rurway O/Z, approach area on south side of Kishwaukee River.	GRAA	Approved	Fully Implemented	Recommended to be withdrawn from NCP
LU-12	Offer options of voluntary sale to GRAA or sound insulation to owner of one (1) single-family residence south of the airport in the 65 DNL contour of the 1993 NCP.	GRAA	Approved	This measure was implemented with the voluntary sale of one (1) single-family home.	Recommended to be withdrawn as acquisition of the single-family home was completed.
LU-13	Encourage the City of Rockford and Winnebago County to require plat notes on new subdivision plats and to record the notes on deeds for new subdivisions within the Airport Noise Overlay Zones AC-1 and AC-2.	GRAA, City of Rockford, Winnebago County	Approved	To date, the airport noise contours are not referenced in any local subdivision ordinance.	Recommended to be continued with modification to include the new 2022/2027 NEWs.
LU-14	Encourage Winnebago County, the City of Rockford, the Village of New Miford, and the Village of Davis Junction not to allow an increase in the residential density in the Agricultural Priority (AG) or Rural Residential (RR) zoning districts (Winnebago County) in the 2008 NEWINCP 60+ DNL noise contour.	GRAA, City of Rockford, Winnebago County, Ogle County and Villages of New Milford and Davis Junction	Approved	To date based on zoning ordinances the allowable residential densities allowed in these zones has been increased	Recommended to be continued with modification to include the new 2022/2027 NEMs.

Previously Approved Land Use Measures | 16

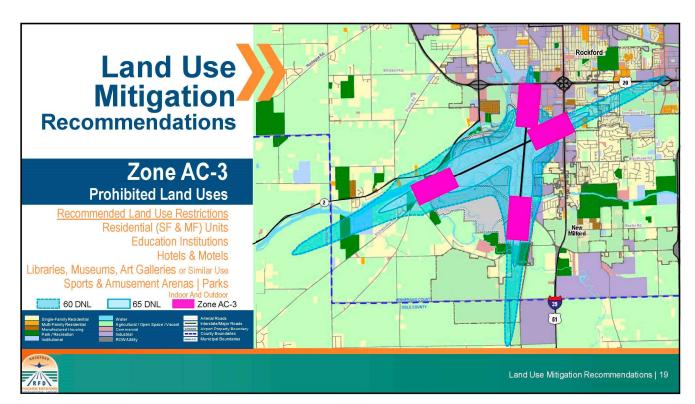


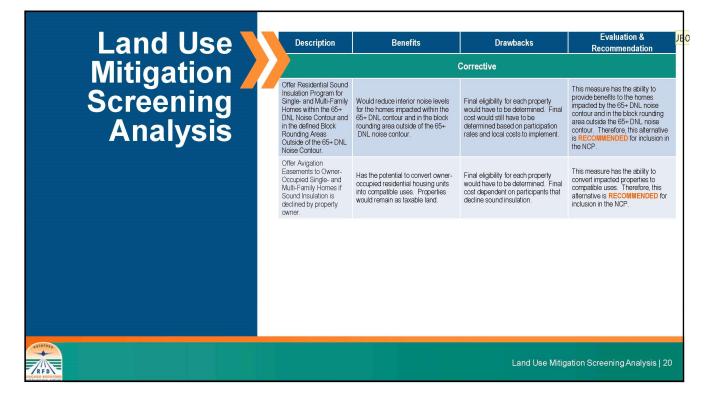




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Land Use Mitigation Screening Analysis | 21



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Land Use Mitigation Screening Analysis

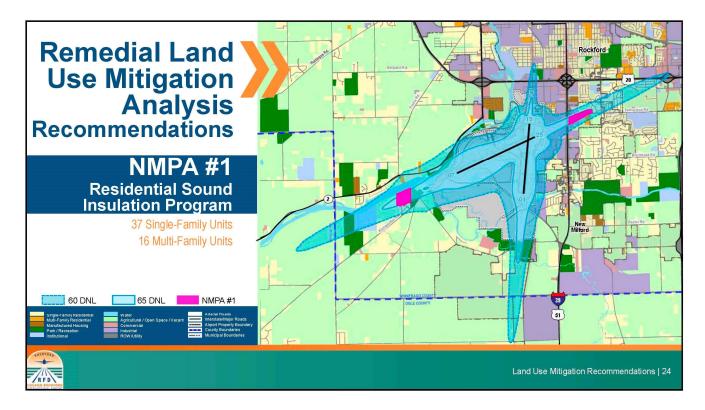
Des	eription	Benefits	Drawbacks	Evaluation & Recommendation
)		P	reventative	
Adopt Imp Building C		This alternative would recommend updating existing building codes to ensure that new residential construction meets current FAA criteria for sound insulation within AC-1 and AC-2 zones.	This alternative would likely increase the overall cost of residential construction	This measure will require potential builders to use higher quality materials during construction to reduce noise within residential structures within the 60+ DNL noise contours. Therefore, this alternativ is RECOMMENDED for inclusion in the NCP.
	Voluntary sure Program Properties	Will disclose through regulations on the seller or their representatives at the time of sale that an existing property could be subjected to aircraft noise. Potential buyers will be made aware before they purchase the property that it is within AC-1 and AC-2 zones.	Will need to seek cooperation from the City of Rockford and Winnebago County along with the local Rockford reations to participate.	This measure will notify potential buyers that they may be subjected to aircraft noise within the 60+ DNL noise contour. This alternative is RECOMMENDED for inclusion in the NCP.
Re-zoning within AC- zones	of parcels 1 and AC-2	This measure would attempt to prevent future non-compatible development and land uses within AC-1 and AC-2 zones.	Potential loss of tax-base dependent on future zoning designation. Based on local land use regulations and ordinances, residential and other incompatible land uses are permitted within compatible zoning such as commercial and industrial.	This measure fails to meet FAA guidance for effectively preventing incompatible land use due to local land use guidelines. Therefore, this alternative is NOT RECOMMENDED for inclusion in the NCP.



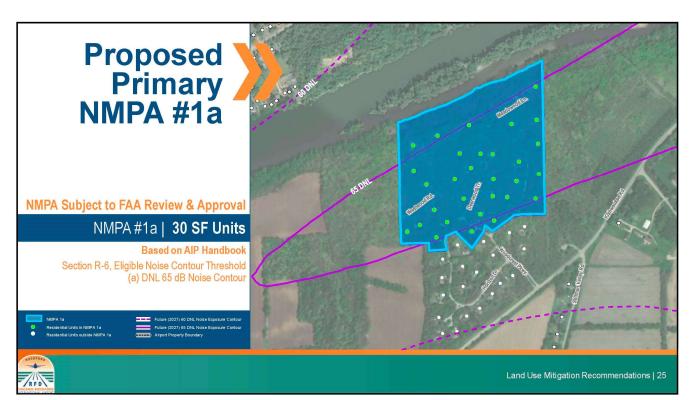
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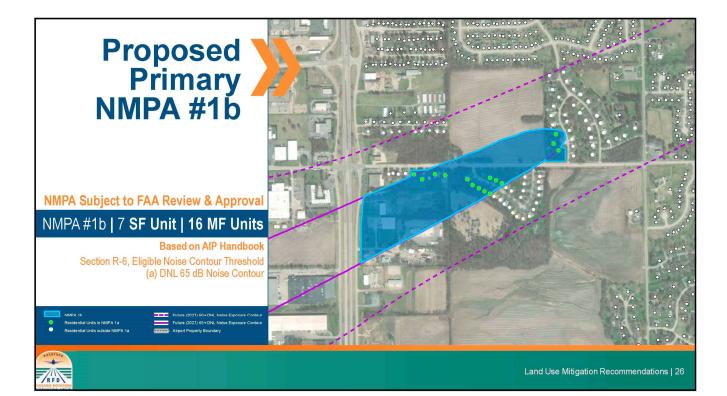






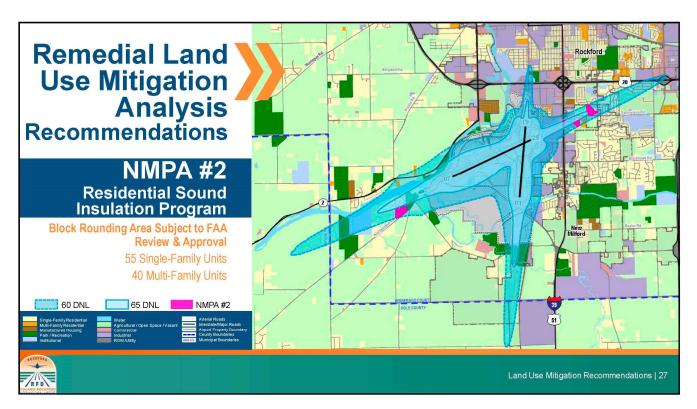


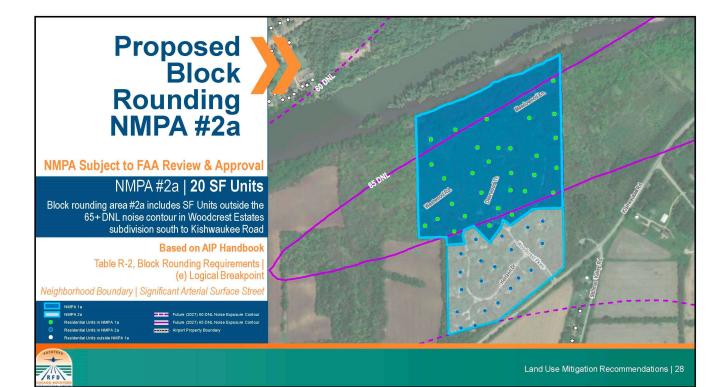




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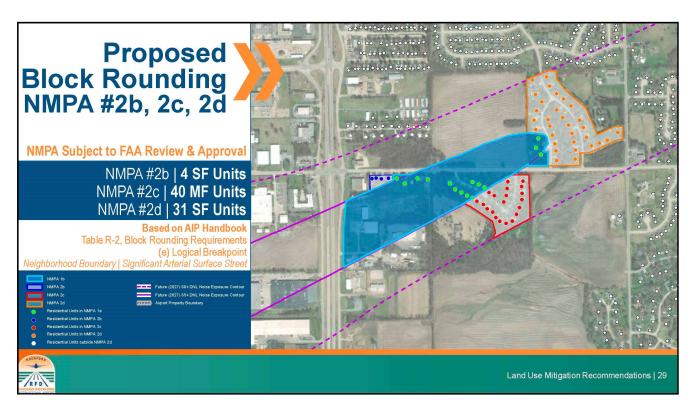




Land Use Mitigation Recommendations | 30



14 CFR PART 150 NOISE COMPATIBILITY STUDY UPDATE Greater Rockford Airport Authority



NMPA Housing Units and Population Counts

	NMP	A#1	NMP	A#2	Total					
Land Use	Total Housing Units	Population	Total Housing Units	Population	Total Housing Units	Population				
Runway 7 Approach End – Southwest of Airport										
SF Residential	30	76	20	51	50	127				
MF Residential	0	0	0	0	0	0				
		Runway 25 App	oroach End – Northe	ast of Airport						
SF Residential	7	19	35	97	42	116				
MF Residential	16	44	40	110	56	154				
Total	53	139	95	258	148	397				

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RFD



Corrective Land Use Mitigation Estimated Cost

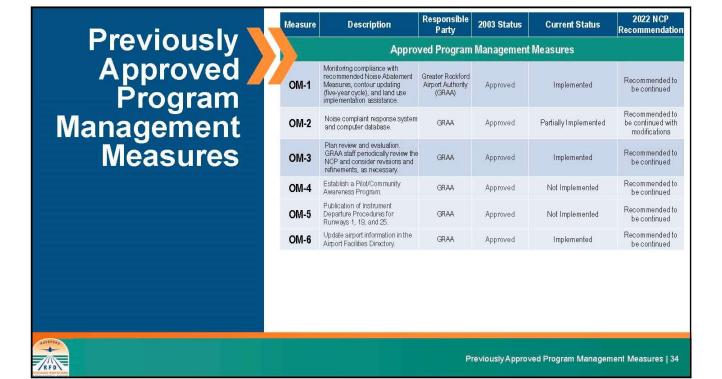
Measure Id	Type Of Measure	Direct Cost (Total)	Direct Cost To FAA (80% Share)	Direct Cost To Airport (20% Share)
	Residential Sound	Insulation Program		
LU-15 ⁽¹⁾	Offer Residential Sound Insulation to 53 Residential Units within the 65 DNL Noise Contour (NMPA 1a & 1b) and 95 Residential Units outside the 65 DNL Noise Contour (NMPA 2a, 2b, 2c, & 2d)	\$9,187,500 ⁽²⁾ (\$62,500 per home)	\$7,350,000	\$1,837,500
and the second sec	o decline sound insulation would be offered avigation easements as part of measure LU-16. Estimated costs of avi	and the second	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	11 0 0, 13 31
	mitigation measure is the maximum possible mitigation cost and assumes 100 percent participation in program by e I the year the property was built. In addition, some properly owners may choose one measure over another which w			neet both the eligibility requirements for
NMPA	Housing Counts	Direct Cost (Total)	Direct Cost To FAA (80% Share)	Direct Cost To Airport (20% Share)
1a/1b	Residential Units inside 65 DNL- 53 SF & MF units	\$3,312,500	\$2,650,000	\$662,500
2a	Residential Units outside 65 DNL - 20 SF units	\$1,250,000	\$1,000,000	\$250,000
2b	Residential Units outside 65 DNL - 4 SF units	\$250,000	\$200,000	\$50,000
2c	Residential Units outside 65 DNL - 40 MF units	\$2,500,000	\$2,000,000	\$500,000
2d	Residential Units outside 65 DNL – 30 SF units	\$1,875,000	\$1,500,000	\$375,000
				Aitigation Recommendation





Preventative Land Use Mitigation Estimated Costs

Type Of Measure	Direct Cost (Total)	Direct Cost To FAA (80% Share)	Direct Cost To Airport (20% Share)	Direct Cost To Local Government	Direct Cost To Users
		Mitigation Measure	s (Preventative)		
Adopt Improved Building Codes	\$25,000	\$20,000	\$5,000	Minimal	None
Develop A Voluntary Fair Disclosure Program	\$25,000	-	\$25,000	Minimal	None
Subtotal	\$50,000 Plus Administrative Costs	\$20,000 Plus Administrative Costs	\$30,000 Plus Administrative Costs	Minimal Administrative Costs; Plus Potential Loss Of Tax Base	None





Program Management Screening Analysis

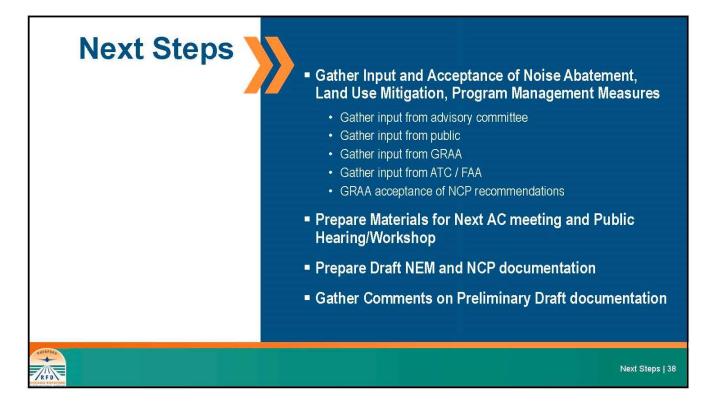
Description	Benefits	Drawbacks	Evaluation & Recommendation
Formal logging of noise complaints	This measure would provide airport staff with data on potential or emerging noise issues around the airport.	Costs for staff to maintain website, respond to telephone complaints and/or logging complaints in a formal manner.	Airport staff should continue to receive noise complaints on an as-required basis. Due to the low level of noise complaints, acquining a noise complaint system is not recommended. However, a more formal system of complaint logging should be used by airport staff and the information used as a basis for future meetings. As a result, it is RECOMMENDED that the present system of logging noise complaints be continued with modification and should be included in the NCP. <i>Modification to</i> <i>OM-2</i>
Initiate noise monitoring program	This measure would provide the airport with information regarding aircraft noise levels to the public.	Costs to purchase, run, and maintain permanent noise monitoring system or portable noise monitors including staff costs to run the system and to analyze the data.	Due to the low level of noise complaints and the cost to implement and maintain a noise monitoring system/program, this alternative is NOT RECOMMENDED for further analysis.
		portable noise monitors including staff costs to run the system and to analyze	implement and maintain a noise monitoring system/program, the





Program Management Estimated Costs

Type Of Measure	Direct Cost (Total)	Direct Cost To FAA (80% Share)	Direct Cost To Airport (20% Share)	Direct Cost To Local Government	Direct Cost To Users	
		Program Management	Measures			
Continue Logging of Noise Complaints	Minimal Administrative Costs	None	Minimal Administrative Costs	None	None	
Initiate Community Roundtable or Noise Abatement Committee	Minimal Administrative Costs	None	Minimal Administrative Costs	None	None	
	Perform	n Regular Updates to the NE	Ms and Review of NCP		in an	
Update NEM ONLY	\$350,000 to \$400,000	\$280,000 to \$320,000	\$70,000 to \$80,000		None	
Or				None		
Update NEM & NCP	\$650,000 to \$750,000	\$520,000 to \$600,000	\$130,000 to \$150,000			
Subtotal	\$350,000 to \$750,000 plus administrative costs	\$280,000 to \$600,000 plus administrative costs	\$70,000 to \$150,000 plus administrative costs	None	None	





Advisory Committee Meeting #3 TBD

- AC Meeting Announcement
- Presentation

Note: Meeting presentation and recording of meeting are available on the study website at https://www.airportprojects.net/rfd-part150/home/advisory-committee/





Public Workshop #1 November 17, 2022

- Public Workshop Announcement
- Presentation

Note: Meeting presentation and recording of meeting are available on the study website at https://www.airportprojects.net/rfd-part150/home/public-meetings/



PUBLIC WORKSHOP ANNOUNCEMENT

CHICAGO ROCKFORD

INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT

PUBLIC INFORMATION WORKSHOP ANNOUNCEMENT

Where: Online When: December 15th, 6:00 p.m. – 8:00 p.m.

The Greater Rockford Airport Authority (GRAA) is currently conducting a study to document the noise effects from aircraft operations at Chicago Rockford International Airport (RFD). The study is commonly referred to as a Part 150 Noise Compatibility Study (Part 150 Study). The purpose for conducting a Part 150 Study is to develop a balanced and cost-effective plan to reduce current noise impacts, where practical, and to limit the potential for future noise impacts.

An important element of a successful Part 150 Study at RFD is for the airport staff and consulting team to hear from residents of the communities in the vicinity of the airport that are most affected by aircraft noise levels. To make this possible, a Public Information Workshop will take place on **December 15th**, **2021, from 6:00 p.m. – 8:00 p.m.** This will be the first of 3 public information workshops held during the course of the study.

The workshop will be held **virtually online**, and will include a presentation followed by a question and answer session with the study team. A link to register for the workshop is located on the study website:

https://www.airportprojects.net/rfd-part150/

Residents and, business owners, are encouraged to attend the workshop to provide input, ask questions, and gain an understanding of the scope and purpose of the study.

The GRAA has contracted with Landrum & Brown, an internationally-recognized aviation planning firm, to conduct this study.

We value and look forward to your input and participation in this process.

Sincerely,

Zach Oakley Deputy Director of Operations and Planning

60 AIRPORT DR ROCKFORD, IL 61109-2902 PHONE 815 969-4000

FLYRFD.com FOREIGN-TRADE ZONE (FTZ) #176



PUBLIC WORKSHOP PRESENTATION

14 CFR Part 150 Noise Compatibility Study Update

Public Information Workshop | December 2021





Comments & Questions

- All meeting attendees are muted
- Questions will be addressed during Question and Answer breaks
- Questions can be submitted through
 - <u>Q&A</u> : Attendee can type questions or comments
 - <u>Raise Hand</u> Attendee can "Raise Hand", the attendee will be unmuted in order to verbally ask their question or make a comment
 - Study Website: Comments and questions can also be submitted via the study website contact page: https://www.airportprojects.net/rfd-part150/contact/



Comments & Questions | 2

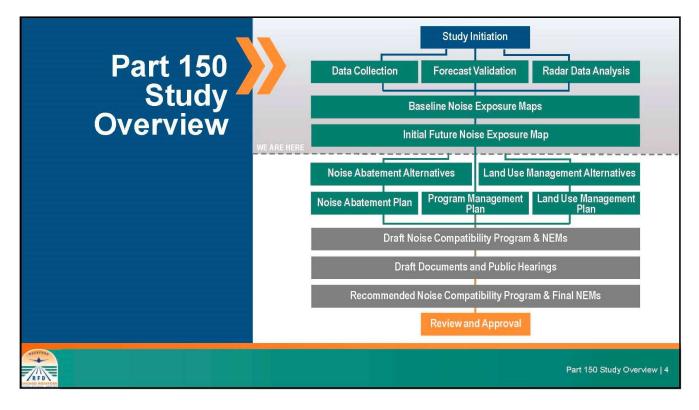


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14 CFR PART 150 NOISE COMPATIBILITY STUDY UPDATE Greater Rockford Airport Authority



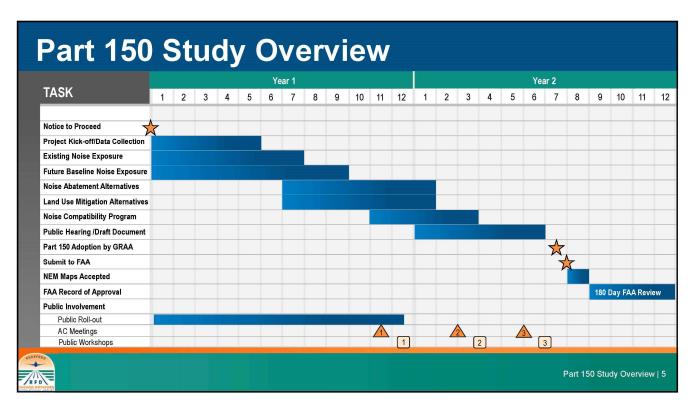
- Introduction
- History of Noise Abatement Planning
- Part 150 Study Overview, Process & Elements
- Public Involvement
- Noise Modeling Input Data Collection
- Baseline Noise Exposure Contours
- Next Steps

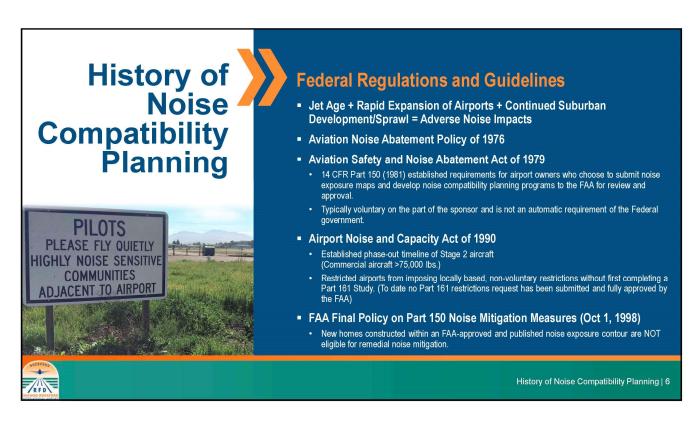


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Previous Studies

Established existing noise abatement measures in place at RFD

- 1990 Part 150 Study
- 1995 Part 150 Study
- 2003 Part 150 Study
- 2012 NEM Update

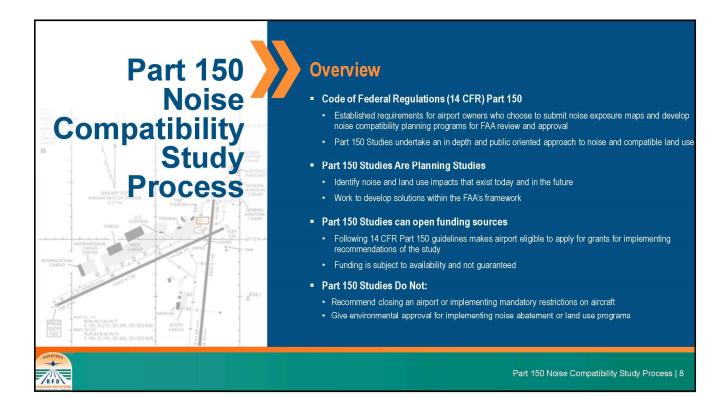
History of Noise Compatibility Planning at RFD



This Part 150 Update will...

- Update Noise Exposure Maps for Existing (2020) and Future (2027) Baseline conditions
- Review existing NCP
- Modify existing NCP measures where necessary
- Recommend new noise abatement and/or land use mitigation measures based on land use incompatibilities within the 65+ DNL noise contour

History of Noise Compatibility Planning at RFD | 7





Noise Exposure Maps

- Description of the noise levels for existing and future (+5 years) conditions
- Future condition should take into account any changes (physical or operational) that may have an effect on the noise levels around the airport
 - Examples of physical changes may include: runway threshold relocation, changes in terminal/gate layout, new aircraft parking facilities
 - Examples of operational changes may include: changes in aircraft operating levels, and fleet mix, new flight tracks, new destinations

Essential Elements of a Part 150 Study

Noise Compatibility Program

- Recommendations for reducing, minimizing, and/or mitigating aircraft noise and land use conflicts
 - Noise Abatement
 - Land Use Mitigation
 - Program Management



Essential Elements of a Part 150 Study | 9

Public Involvement



Public Involvement Opportunities

- Advisory Committee Group of stakeholders affected by, or having oversight responsibilities for, issues covered by the Part 150 Study Update
 Airport Authority Officials
 - Airport Authority Off
 Aircraft Operators
 - Government Officials / Land Use Planners
 - Community Groups
 - Air Traffic Controllers
- Public Workshops Open house, informational meetings to discuss and gather comments on potential aviation noise, land use, and other mitigation measures
- Public Hearings to receive comments (either oral or written) from the public on the Draft Part 150 Study Update document

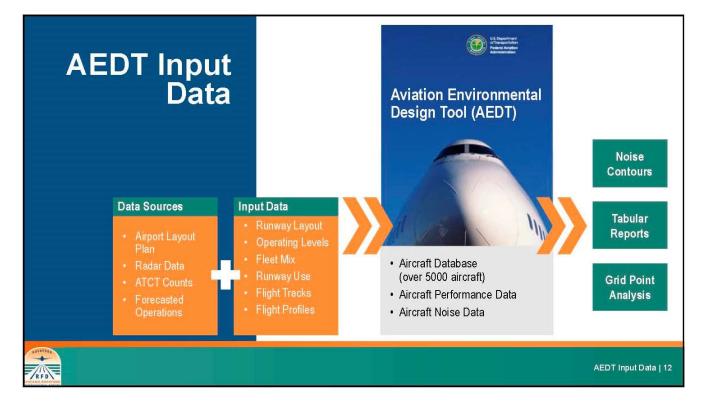
Project Website / Social Media

- Project website and social media will be updated with study information, including images and documents pertinent to the study - https://www.airportprojects.net/rfd-part150/
- Posting of all meeting notices
- Posting of study process and draft findings

Public Involvement | 10

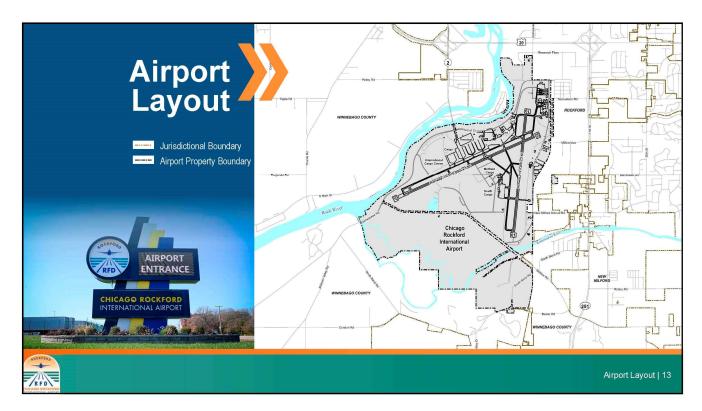


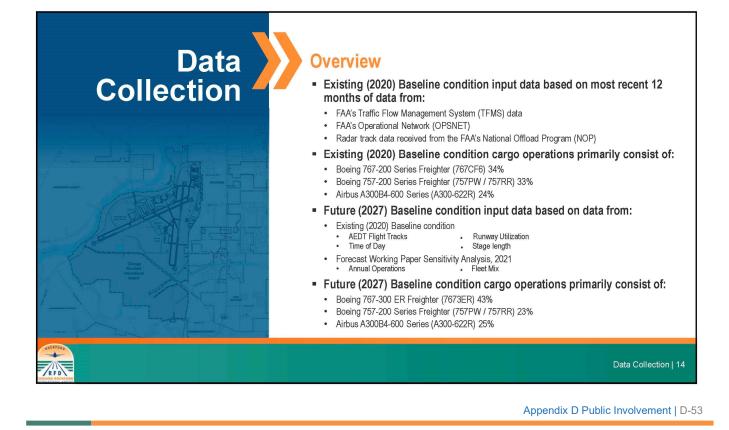




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RFD

14 CFR PART 150 NOISE COMPATIBILITY STUDY UPDATE Greater Rockford Airport Authority

Data Collection

Existing (2020) Baseline Condition Aircraft Operations

Aircourff Turne	2020 Annual	2020 A	Percent of		
Aircraft Type	Operations	Day	Night	Total	Total
Cargo Aircraft	17,494.8	18.4	29.5	47.9	40.9%
Commercial Aircraft	4,885.2	10.1	3.3	13.4	11.4%
General Aviation Jets	2,006.0	5.2	0.3	5.5	4.7%
General Aviation Props	17,286.9	46.2	1.2	47.4	40.4%
General Aviation Helicopter	57.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1%
Military Aircraft	1,031.0	2.8		2.8	2.4%
Grand Total	42,761	82.7	34.4	117.2	100.0%

Data Collection | 15

Data Collection	

Future (2027) Baseline Condition Forecasted Aircraft Operations

Aircraft Type	2027 Annual	2027 Av	Percent of		
Алстан туре	Operations	Day	Night	Total	Total
Cargo Aircraft	29,936.0	34.6	47.4	82.0	48.0%
Commercial Aircraft	4,394.0	11.4	0.7	12.0	7.0%
General Aviation Jets	10,096.1	25.7	2.0	27.7	16.2%
General Aviation Props	16,189.3	42.6	1.7	44.4	26.0%
General Aviation Helicopter	57.0	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1%
Military Aircraft	1,670.0	4.6		4.6	2.7%
Grand Total	62,342.4	119.0	51.8	170.8	100.0%

Data Collection | 16

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14 CFR PART 150 NOISE COMPATIBILITY STUDY UPDATE Greater Rockford Airport Authority

Data Collection

Existing (2020) & Future (2027) Baseline Condition Arrival Runway Utilization

Aircraft Category	Runway End						
All crait Gategory	01	07	19	25	H1	H2	Total
		Daytime A	rrivals	M.			
Cargo Jets	21.6%	25.9%	14.8%	37.7%			100.0%
Commercial Jets	21.4%	23.6%	16.6%	38.4%			100.0%
General Aviation Jets	24.3%	26.5%	10.1%	39.2%			100.0%
General Aviation Props	27.2%	17.2%	19.4%	36.2%			100.0%
General Aviation Helicopter						100.0%	100.0%
Military Aircraft	-	54.8% (50.0%)	5.5% (10.4%)	39.7% (39.6%)	-		100.0%
Military Helicopter					100.0%		100.0%
		Nighttime <i>i</i>	Arrivals				
Cargo Jets	26.1%	40.1%	7.2%	26.6%			100.0%
Commercial Jets	22.8%	29.0%	4.3%	43.8%			100.0%
General Aviation Jets	28.6%	21.4%	14.3%	35.7%			100.0%
General Aviation Props	11.5%	26.9%	15.4%	46.2%			100.0%
General Aviation Helicopter						100.0%	100.0%
Military Aircraft							
Military Helicopter							522

Data Collection | 17

	Data	
Col	lection	4

Existing (2020) & Future (2027) Baseline Condition Departure Runway Utilization

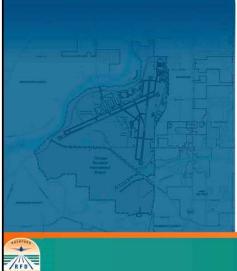
Aircraft Category		Runway End						
All chall Galegory	01	07	19	25	H1	H2	Total	
	D) aytime Dep	partures					
Cargo Jets	6.7%	21.8%	16.9%	54.7%			100.0%	
Commercial Jets	12.9%	23.6%	23.0%	40.5%			100.0%	
General Aviation Jets	14.5%	17.9%	24.9%	42.8%			100.0%	
General Aviation Props	18.2%	16.1%	27.8%	37.9%			100.0%	
General Aviation Helicopter	-					100.0%	100.0%	
Military Aircraft	11.8% (6.7%)	11.8% (6.7%)	31.7% (38.6%)	44.6% (47.9%)			100.0%	
Military Helicopter					100.0%		100.0%	
	Ni	ighttime De	epartures					
Cargo Jets	2.3%	13.6%	24.4%	59.7%			100.0%	
Commercial Jets	3.0%	43.8%	14.2%	39.1%			100.0%	
General Aviation Jets		10.0%	30.0%	60.0%			100.0%	
General Aviation Props		15.2%	40.6%	40.6%			100.0%	
General Aviation Helicopter						100.0%	100.0%	
Military Aircraft								
Military Helicopter								

RFD

Data Collection | 18



Data Collection



Flight Tracks

- Flight tracks are lines that represent the path of an aircraft as it arrives or departs the airport
- AEDT applies a 3-dimensional profile to each track that includes altitude, speed, thrust, and flap settings to calculate aircraft noise along each flight route
- Radar data was collected from the FAA for the year 2020
 - · Sixteen (16) weeks of radar data, two (2) weeks from 8 different months in 2020
 - May through September excluded due to Runway 07/25 closure
- Representative tracks were created in the AEDT to model operations

Typica

SDF, MSP, MCI

Dest

Data Collection

Flight Profiles

- All arrivals are categorized Stage Length 1
- All general aviation prop/helicopter and military departures are categorized Stage Length 1
- Cargo, commercial and general aviation jets are categorized by distance to destination from RFD

	3	4	5	6	7	
	Sta	ge Leng	jth			Total
	lestinati		6 7	3,501 - 4,500 4,501 - 5,500		rnational rnational
al aviation jets	inte	5	2,501 - 3,500		rnational	
			4	1,501 - 2,500	OA	K, ANC
	200 0103		3	1,001 - 1,500	ONT,	MA SEA
١'n	zed Stag	10	2	501 - 1,000	DFW,	BWI, DEN

Distance

0 - 500

Stage

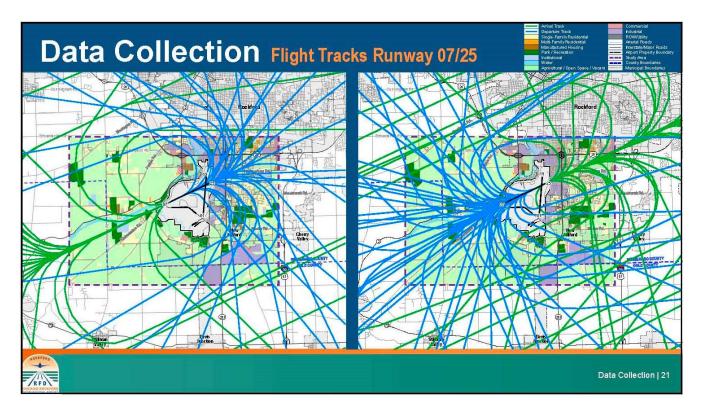
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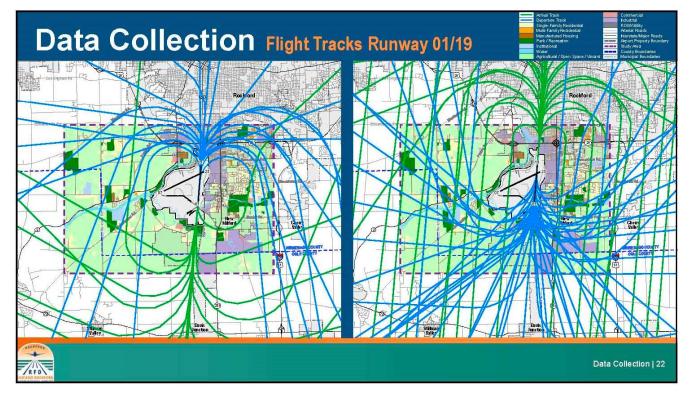
All Clair Galeyory								
ran our our gory	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
		Daytim	e Departu	res				
Cargo Jets	26.5%	15.9%	56.3%	0.7%		0.6%	0.0%	100.0%
Commercial Jets	2.9%	76.6%	19.1%	1.4%		0.1%		100.0%
General Aviation Jets	99.2%	0.8%		-				100.0%
		Nighttin	ne Depart	ures				
Cargo Jets	33.8%	29.0%	25.8%	11.0%	0.0%	0.4%		100.0%
Commercial Jets	43.6%	28.6%	27.7%	0.2%				100.0%
General Aviation Jets	100.0%				:	:		100.0%

Flight Tracks | 20

RFD

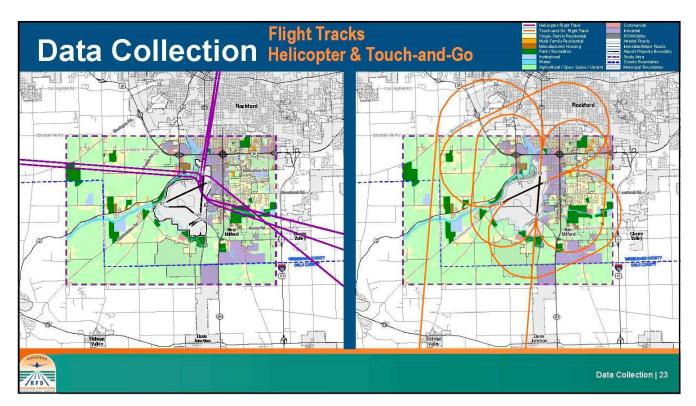


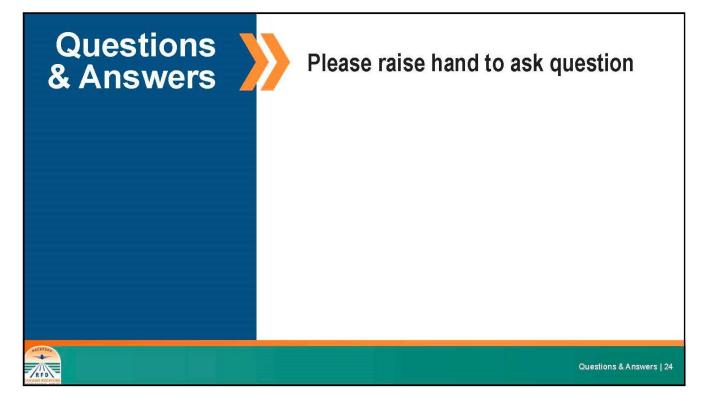




Appendix D Public Involvement | D-57







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RFD

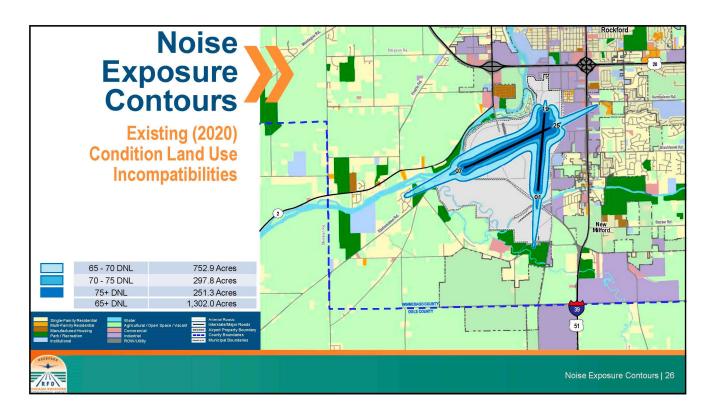
14 CFR PART 150 NOISE COMPATIBILITY STUDY UPDATE Greater Rockford Airport Authority

Noise Exposure Contours

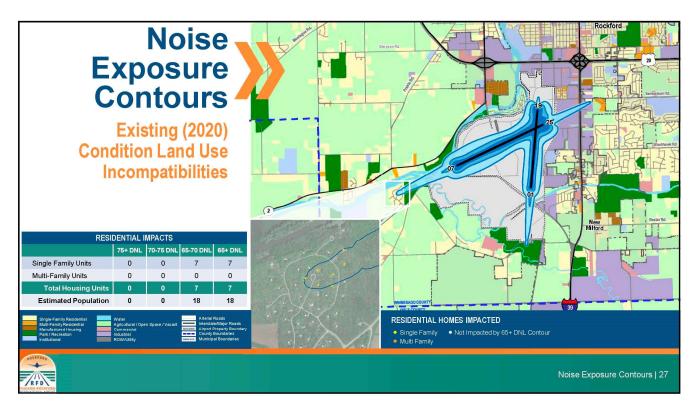
Technical Requirements

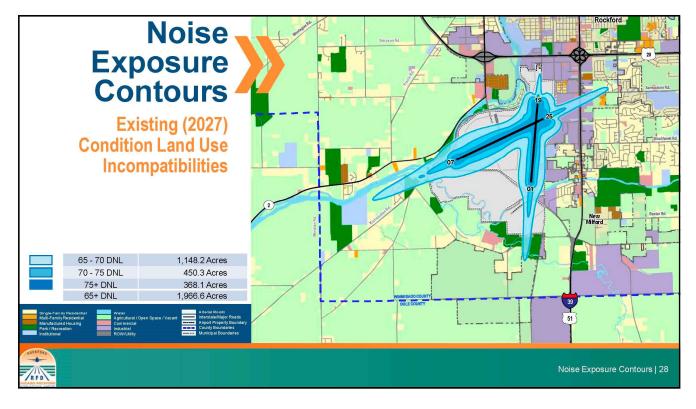
- Represents an annual-average day (1 year of operations/365 days)
- Described with a set of continuous lines that represent equal levels of noise
- Prepared using the FAA's Airport Environmental Design Tool (AEDT) Ver 3d
- Must use specific noise metric: Day-Night Average Sound Level (DNL)
- DNL represents 24-hour average noise level
- Penalty for nighttime (10:00 p.m. 6:59 a.m.) flights (x 10)
- National standard for all Federal agencies
- 65 DNL identified as threshold for impact to noise sensitive land uses

Noise Exposure Contours | 25



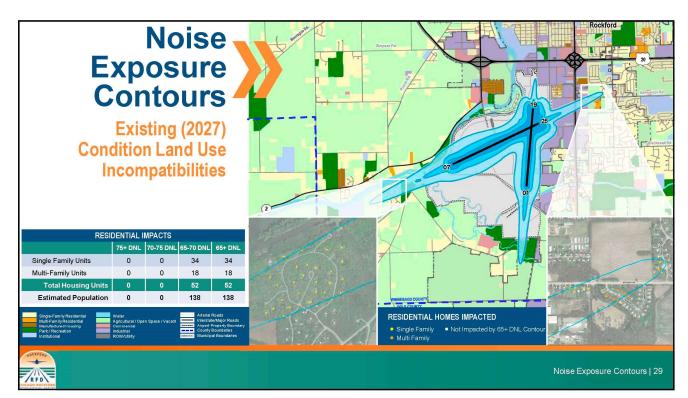


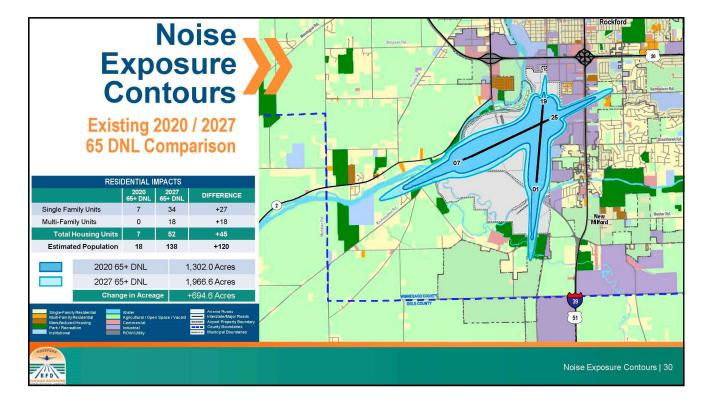




D-60 | Landrum & Brown

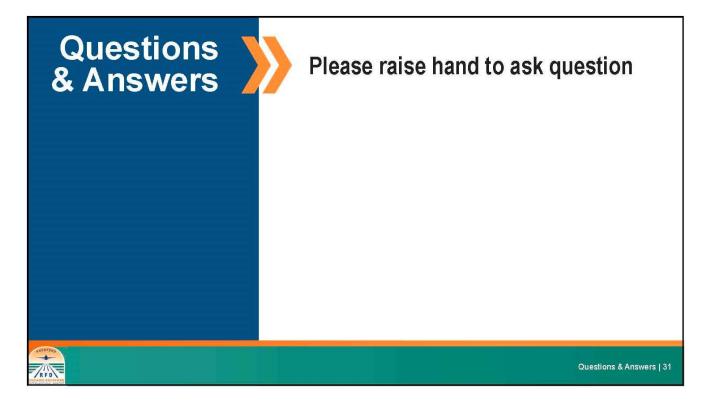






Appendix D Public Involvement | D-61





	Study Initiation	
Data Collection	Forecast Validation	Radar Data Analysis
Draf	t Baseline Noise Exposure	Мар
Dra	ft Future Noise Exposure	Map
Noise Abatement Alte	rnatives Land Use N	Aanagement Alternatives
bise Abatement Plan	Program Management Plan	Land Use Management Plan
Draft No	ise Compatibility Program	& NEMs
Draft	Documents and Public He	arings
04	Joice Compatibility Progr	am & Final NEMs
Recommended	torse companying ringh	

- Noise Compatibility Program (NCP) Alternatives Analysis
 - Noise Abatement Alternatives
 Purpose: To ABATE noise levels in surrounding communities
 - Land Use Mitigation Alternatives
 - Purpose: To MITIGATE noise levels in surrounding communities
 - Program Management Alternatives

Purpose: To **PROVIDE** administrative and management actions to allow the airport to maintain land use compatibility in surrounding communities

Develop Recommended NCP Measures & Program Map



RFD

Public Comments

Please submit comments on the Study Website contact page: https://www.airportprojects.net/rfdpart150/contact/

Public Comments | 33



Jesse Baker, will be the Project Manager for this Part 150 Study. Jesse has over 18 years of experience in environmental analysis and modeling. Jesse began his career with L&B and provided noise and air quality data analysis for numerous large-scale projects, including the EIS for the New York / New Jersey / Philadelphia Airspace Re-design and the EIS for the relocation of St. George Municipal Airport. Jesse also participated in Part 150 Studies at Kansas City International and Albany International Airports.

Jesse's technical background, while focused on environmental analysis, and modeling of airport design, airspace design, and air traffic control procedures also includes serving on the Aviation Environmental Design Tool (AEDT) and Aviation Environmental Screening Tool (AEST) development team as a Quality Assurance Lead and Subject Matter Expert, and providing technical support and guidance to the FAA Environmental Policy Team Office (ATO-AJV-114) and the FAA Office of Environmental and Energy Research and Development (FAA-AEE).

Through his work on the development of AEDT, Jesse has become one of the foremost experts on the use of the program for aviation noise and air quality analysis. His expertise will be of great benefit to the Part 150 Study at RFD.

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Contacts | 34



Public Workshop #2 December 5, 2022

- Public Workshop Announcement
- Presentation

Note: Meeting presentation and recording of meeting are available on the study website at https://www.airportprojects.net/rfd-part150/home/public-meetings/



PUBLIC WORKSHOP ANNOUNCEMENT

CHICAGO ROCKFORD

INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT

PUBLIC INFORMATION WORKSHOP ANNOUNCEMENT

Where: Online Zoom Meeting When: December 8th from 6:00 p.m. to 8:00 p.m.

The Greater Rockford Airport Authority (GRAA) is presenting an online Virtual Public Information Workshop on December 8th, 2022, from 6:00 p.m. to 8:00 p.m. for the Part 150 Noise Compatibility Study it is currently conducting at the Chicago Rockford International Airport (RFD). The study is commonly referred to as a Part 150 Noise Compatibility Study (Part 150 Study).

The purpose for conducting a Part 150 Study is to develop a balanced and cost-effective plan to reduce current noise impacts, where practical, and to limit the potential for future noise impacts. The Noise Compatibility Study is conducted under guidance provided in Title 14 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 150. The first component of the study is to identify Noise Exposure Maps (NEMs) and the second is to develop a Noise Compatibility Program (NCP).

For this public workshop, the materials presented will review the Proposed 2027 NEM contours presented at the first workshop and the recommended noise abatement and land use mitigation measures within the RFD NCP. The recommended measures included in the NCP are designed to minimize the impacts of aviation noise to the surrounding community and enhance the administration of the overall noise compatibility program for RFD. The meeting will also give an overview of the next steps in the Part 150 Study process and how to provide public comments on the study and information presented in the presentation. If you were unable to attend the first public workshop, a recording of the workshop can be found on the study website listed below.

An important element of a successful Part 150 Study at RFD is for the airport staff and consulting team to hear from residents of the communities in the vicinity of the airport that are most affected by aircraft noise levels. To make this possible, residents, business owners, and concerned citizens are encouraged to participate in the workshop and provide input, ask questions, and gain an understanding of the scope and purpose of the study.

A link to register for the public information workshop is located on the study website:

https://www.airportprojects.net/rfd-part150/

Public comments can be submitted during the public information workshop and will be accepted for a period of 30 days following the workshop. Comments on the study and materials presented during the public information workshop can be submitted via the study website : <u>https://www.airportprojects.net/rfd-part150/contact/</u>

We value and look forward to your input and participation in this process.

Sincerely,

Zach Oakley Deputy Director of Operations and Planning

60 AIRPORT DR ROCKFORD, IL 61109-2902 PHONE 815 969-4000

FLYRFD.com FOREIGN-TRADE ZONE (FTZ) #176

Appendix D Public Involvement | D-65



PUBLIC WORKSHOP PRESENTATION



Comments & Questions

- All meeting attendees are muted
- Questions will be addressed during Question and Answer breaks
- Questions can be submitted through
 - <u>Q&A</u> : Attendee can type questions or comments
 - <u>Raise Hand</u> Attendee can "Raise Hand", the attendee will be unmuted in order to verbally ask their question or make a comment
 - Study Website: Comments and questions can also be submitted via the study website contact page: https://www.airportprojects.net/rfd-part150/contact/

Comments & Questions | 2

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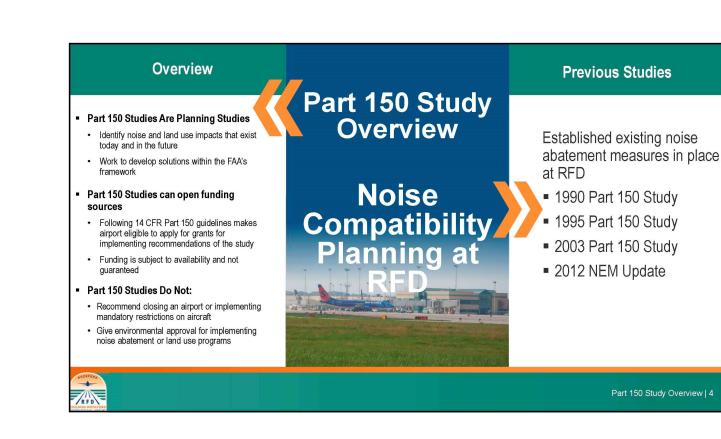
Agenda | 3



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Agenda `

- Part 150 Study Overview
- Public Involvement
- Future 2027 Noise Compatibility Program (NCP) Noise Contour
- Elements of a Noise Compatibility Program
- Noise Abatement Measures
- Land Use Mitigation Measures
 - Remedial / Corrective
 - Preventative
- Program Management Measures
- Next Steps





Noise Exposure Maps

- Description of the noise levels for existing and future (+5 years) conditions
- Future condition should take into account any changes (physical or operational) that may have an effect on the noise levels around the airport
 - Examples of physical changes may include: runway threshold relocation, changes in terminal/gate layout, new aircraft parking facilities
 - Examples of operational changes may include: changes in aircraft operating levels, and fleet mix, new flight tracks, new destinations

Part 150 Study Overview

Elements of a Part 150 Study

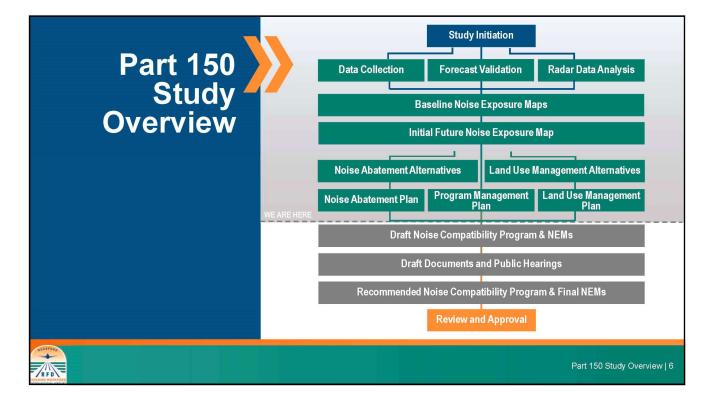


Noise Compatibility Program

- Recommendations for reducing, minimizing, and/or mitigating aircraft noise and land use conflicts
 - Noise Abatement
 - · Land Use Mitigation
 - Program Management



Essential Elements of a Part 150 Study | 5



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Public Involvement



- Advisory Committee Group of stakeholders affected by, or having oversight responsibilities for, issues covered by the Part <u>150 Study Update</u>
 - Airport Authority Officials
 - Aircraft Operators
 - Government Officials / Land Use Planners
 - Community Groups
 - Air Traffic Controllers
- Public Workshops Open house, informational meetings to discuss and gather comments on potential aviation noise, land use, and other mitigation measures
- Public Hearings to receive comments (either oral or written) from the public on the Draft Part 150 Study Update document

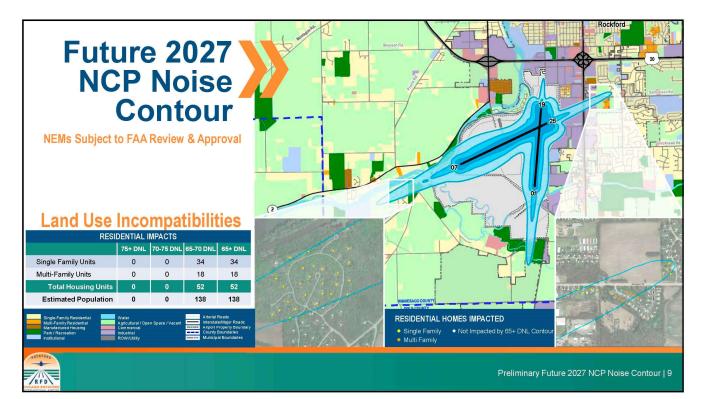
Project Website

- Project website will be updated with study information, including images and documents pertinent to the study - https://www.airportprojects.net/ifd-part150/
- Posting of all meeting notices
- · Posting of study process and draft findings

Public Involvement | 7







Elements of a Noise Compatibility Program

Noise Abatement

- Purpose: To abate noise levels in surrounding communities
 - Flight Track Location
 - Runway Use
 - Flight Management
 - Ground Activity Restrictions

Types Of NCP Measures:

Facility Modification

Land Use Mitigation

Purpose: To mitigate noise levels in surrounding communities

- Preventive
- Remedial / Corrective

Program Management Durpooci To provide admin

Purpose: To provide administrative and management actions to allow the airport to maintain land use compatibility in surrounding communities

- Noise Complaint Protocols
- Management of Noise Program
- Updates to NEM/NCP



Elements of a Noise Compatibility Program | 10

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Previously Approved Noise Abatement Measures

Measure	Description	Responsible Party	2003 Status	Current Status	2022 NCP Recommendation
	Approve	d Noise Abat	ement Measu	res	
NA-1	Maintain existing noise abatement procedures per Tower Order of June 15, 1984.	Air Traffic Control Tower (ATCT), Airlines, GRAA	Approved as Voluntary	Implemented as Conditions Allow	Recommended to be withdrawn
NA-3	All aircraft departing on Runway 7 should be fanned along three departure tracks: Left, Right, and Center.	ATCT, Airlines, GRAA	Approved as Voluntary	Implemented as Conditions Allow	Recommended to be continued
NA-4	Direct pilots of C-130s to turn as tightly as practicable when training on Runway 19.	ATCT, Airlines, GRAA	Approved as Voluntary	Not Applicable	Recommended to be withdrawn
NA-7 <i>1</i> NA-12	During daytime and nighttime hours all aircraft over 12,500 bs. departing Rwy/25 having departure courses of 250 degrees clockwise through 069 degrees inclusive turn right on course to the Dubuque (DBQ) on the Nodine (ODI) navigational fix as soon as practicable.	ATCT, Airlines, GRAA	Approved as Voluntary	Implemented as Conditions Allow	Recommended to be continued with modifications
NA-8 / NA-13	During daytime and nighttime hours all aincraft over 12,500 bs. departing Rwy/25 having departure courses 070 degrees clockwise Ihrough/249 degrees inclusive retain 20-degree left tum and maintain heading until reaching 3,000 feet mean see level (MSL).	ATCT, Airlines, GRAA	Approved as Voluntary	Implemented as Conditions Allow	Recommended to be continued with modifications
NA-9	During nightlime hours all aircraft over 12,500 lbs. departing Runway 19 having departure courses of 0 degrees clockwise through 190 degrees maintain nunway heading until reaching 3,000 feet MSL before luming on course.	ATCT, Airlines, GRAA	Approved as Voluntary	Implemented as Conditions Allow	Recommended to be continued with modifications

Previously Approved Noise Abatement Measures | 11

Previously Approved Noise Abatement Measures

Measure	Description	Responsible Party	2003 Status	Current Status	2022 NCP Recommendation
	Approve	d Noise Abat	ement Measu	res	
NA-10	Establish an informal preferential runway use plan for all daytime and nighttime operations after Rwy 7/25 is extended.	ATCT, Airlines, GRAA	Approved as Voluntary	Implemented as Conditions Allow	Recommended to be continued
NA-11	For all aircraft requiring more than 8,000 feet certified takeoff length, Rwy 25 preferred.	ATCT, Airlines, GRAA	Approved as Voluntary	Implemented as Conditions Allow	Recommended to be continued
NA-14	Aircraft weighing more than 12,500 lbs. conduct touch and go and low approach training activity on the south side of the airport when using Rwys 7 or 25.	ATCT, Airlines, GRAA	Approved as Voluntary	Implemented as Conditions Allow	Recommended to be continued with modifications
NA-15	During nighttime hours all aircraft over 12,500 lbs. departing Rwy 1, maintain runway heading until reaching 3,000 feet MSL before turning on course.	ATCT, Airlines, GRAA	Approved as Voluntary	Implemented as Conditions Allow	Recommended to be continued
NA-16	Encourage the use of noise attenuating construction standards for all new on- airport structures/facilities and use those structures as noise barriers/buffers to adjacent off-airport land uses.	ATCT, Airlines, GRAA	Approved as Voluntary	Implemented as Conditions Allow	Recommended to be continued

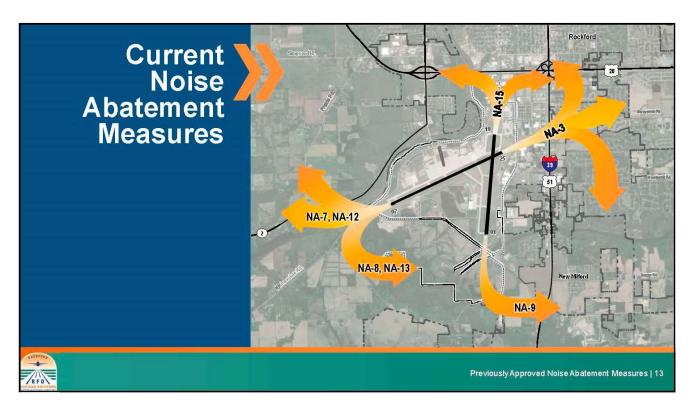
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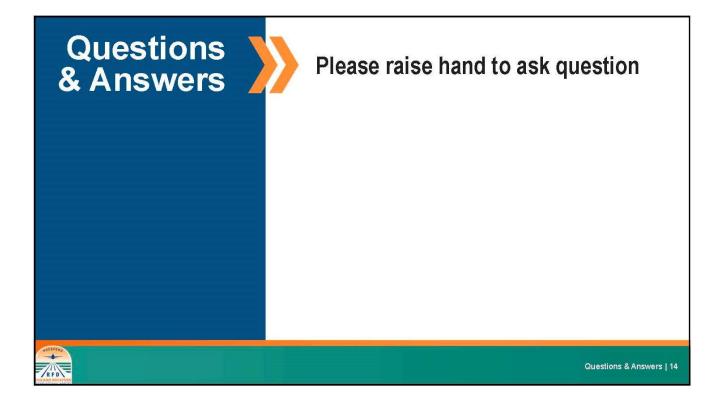
Appendix D Public Involvement | D-71

Previously Approved Noise Abatement Measures | 12

R F D CHICAGO POCKFORD INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT

14 CFR PART 150 NOISE COMPATIBILITY STUDY UPDATE Greater Rockford Airport Authority





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Evaluation And



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14 CFR PART 150 NOISE COMPATIBILITY STUDY UPDATE Greater Rockford Airport Authority

Noise Abatement Screening Analysis

Description	Denenus	Drawbacks	Recommendation
		Flight Track Modifications	
Modify arrival and departure flight tracks to reduce noise within the 65 DNL noise conlour	In some circumstances may reduce noise within the 65+ DNL contour	Impacted areas northeast of Runway End 25 are primarily impacted by arrival operations on final approach. These flight track locations can not be adjusted. ATC currently disperses departure operations with left and right turns based on destination. Areas to the southwest of Runway End 7, are impacted by both arrival and departure operations. The arrival tracks could not be modified as the aircraft are on final approach near the impacted homes. Departures are currently dispersed with left and right turns as soon as practical.	Due to the inability to provide benefiti to the homes impacted within the 65+ DNL noise contour this atternative is NOT RECOMMENDED for further analysis. Several currently approved voluntary measures address departure flight track dispersion and turn locations and are recommended to be continued. (NA-1, NA-3, NA-4, NA-7, NA-8, NA-9, NA-12, NA-13, NA-14 and NA-15)
		Runway Use Modifications	
Increase usage of Rurway 01/19	Could reduce noise levels for the areas within the 65+ DN. noise contour to the northeast and southwest of Runway 07/25.	Based on the RFD fleet, the majority of operations will require the use of Runway 7/25 due to the length of the runway. The amount of traffic required to provide substantial noise reduction benefits in impacted areas would not be achievable based on current wind, weather and operational necessities to operate arcraft safely. Increasing the arrivals to Runway End 1 and Depatitues from Runway End 19 could potentially impact areas in dense urban areas, offsetting any benefits in the reduction of homes in the 65+ DNL to the northeast and souttwest of the airport.	Due to the inability to provide benefits to the homes impacted within the 65+ DNL noise contour this alternative is NOT RECOMMENDED for further analysis.

Noise Abatement Screening Analysis | 15

Noise Abatement Screening Analysis

Description	Benefits	Drawbacks	Evaluation And Recommendation
	Aircraf	t Operational Procedure Modifications	;
Optimized Profile Descent Approach procedure	Optimized Profile Descent (OPD) procedures (previously known as continuous descent approach (ODA) have been used at some airports to reduce approach noise at a distance from the airport. Generally, their most notable effect nelates to reduced fuel burn and corresponding air emissions.	Potential noise reduction benefits would be limited to areas outside DNL 65+ noise contour. Due to the impacted homes location, implementing OPD's would have no significant noise benefit for impacted homes.	Due to the inability to provide benefits to the homes impacted within the 65+ DNL noise contour this alternative is NOT RECOMMENDED for further analysis.
Implement Distant Noise Abatement Departure Profiles (NADP)	Implementing Distant NADPs can potentially reduce noise for areas further away from the runway end (greater than three miles).	Distant NADPs can potentially increase noise for areas closer to the runway end. Due to the impacted nomes location, implementing NADP's would have no significant noise benefit for impacted homes.	Due to the inability to provide benefits to the homes impacted within the 65+ DNL noise contour this alternative is NOT RECOMMENDED for further analysis.
Implement Close-in Noise Abatement Departure Profiles (NADP)	Implementing Close-in NADPs can potentially reduce noise for areas in close proximity to the runway end (less than three miles).	Close-in NADPs can potentially increase noise for areas farther away from the runway end. Due to the fleet mix at RFD many of the aircraft would not have the capabilities to execute Close-in NADP's.	Due to the inability to provide benefits to the homes impacted within the 65 + DNL noise contour this alternative is NOT RECOMMENDED for further analysis.
Moderate Reverse Thrust on Landing	Reduces the amount of noise from the application of reverse thrust after landing.	Reverse thrust can not be eliminated altogether and would be up to the discretion of the pilot. Due to the location of the homes and the anticipated participation, significant reductions to the number of impacted homes in the 65+ DNL are unlikely.	Due to the inability to provide benefits to the homes impacted within the 65+ DNL noise contour this alternative is NOT RECOMMENDED for further analysis.

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Appendix D Public Involvement | D-73

Noise Abatement Screening Analysis | 16



RFD

14 CFR PART 150 NOISE COMPATIBILITY STUDY UPDATE Greater Rockford Airport Authority

Noise Abatement Screening Analysis

Description	Benefits	Drawbacks	Evaluation And Recommendation
		Airport Facility Modifications	
Extend Runway 1/19	Additional aircraft in the RFD fleet mix would be able utilize Runway 1/19, potertially reducing the utilization of Runway 7/25.	New residential areas to the north and south of the airport could be impacted by increasing utilization of Runway 1/19. Existing buildings and roadways to the north and the Kistwaukee River and existing railroad to the south limit the potential length of Runway 1/19. The cost benefit of such a project is not practical.	Due to the cost of this measure and limitations to the final runway length th alternative is NOT RECOMMENDED to be continued for further analysis.
Ground Run-up Enclosures (GRE)	Can reduce jet run-up noise levels by up to 20 dB.	Currently there are no significant jet aircraft maintenance activities that would justfy the cost- benefit of constructing GRE's.	Due to the inability to provide benefits to the homes impacted within the 65+ DNL noise contour this alternative is NOT RECOMMENDED for further analysis.
		Airport Facility Restrictions	
Implement Airport Operational Restrictions (Part 161 Restrictions) such as: noise- //time-based landing fees, airport capacity restrictions based on relative "noisiness", aircraft type restrictions based on "noisiness"	Can resolve noise annoyance issues with certain loud aircraft events or aircraft types operating at RFD.	Such restrictions would be subject to the costly and time-consuming analytical requirements under Federal Aviation Regulations Part 161. The FAA has never officially approved such measures. Would have severe financial ramifications both to the Airport and the region.	Restrictions on access to an airport are measures of last resort for use in the most extreme cases of noise impact. This alternative is NOT RECOMMENDED for further analysis.

Noise Abatement Screening Analysis | 17

Noise Abatement Recommendations

Existing Noise Abatement Measures

Five (5) measures recommended to continue

Six (6) measures recommended to continue with modifications

Two (2) measures recommended to be withdrawn

The currently implemented noise abatement measures reduce noise impacts within the 65+ DNL noise contour to the fullest extent possible



Noise Abatement Recommendations | 18

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2022 NCP Responsible Measure Description 2003 Status **Current Status** Party Recommendation Previously Approved Land Use Measures Approved Land Use Adopt noise overlay zoning To date only Ogle County GRAA, City of Rockford, Winnebago prohibiting development of Recommended to zoning ordinances have incorporated the RFD NCP, selected noise-sensitive land uses within the 60-65 DNL noise be continued with modification to LU-2 Approved these ordinances were contour of the 2008 Noise County, Oale include the new undated in 2021 but continue Exposure Map (NEM)/Noise Compatibility Program (NCP) County 2022/2027 NEMs to reference the 1994 NCP Mitigation To date only Ogle County Comprehensive Plans have Amend local comprehensive GRAA, City of Recommended to historically incorporated the plans by adopting the updated Measures RFD NCP, however this language is no longer included in the 2012 Comprehensive Rockford, Winnebago be continued with modification to Part 150 NCP as their noise compatibility elements for the LU-4 Approved County, Oale include the new City of Rockford and Ogle and Plan. Language related to continuing an active presenc in RFD activities is included. 2022/2027 NEMs County Winnebago Counties. Adopt guidelines for discretionary review of GRAA, City of Rockford, Recommended to be continued with LU-5 development projects for the City Winnebago County, Ogle County Approved Implemented as Needed modification to of Rockford, Winnebago County, Ogle County, and the GRAA include the new 2022/2027 NEMs. Voluntary acquisition of single-family residences on Blackhawk Recommended to LU-8 Fully Implemented GRAA Approved be withdrawn from NCP Island The implementation of this is measure pending; dependent upon the interest of a potential Redevelop airport-owned land Recommended to be parcels located along Kishwaukee Street south of Research Parkway LU-9 GRAA Approved continued developer and the availability of funding.

Previously Approved Land Use Measures | 20

2022 NCP



RFD

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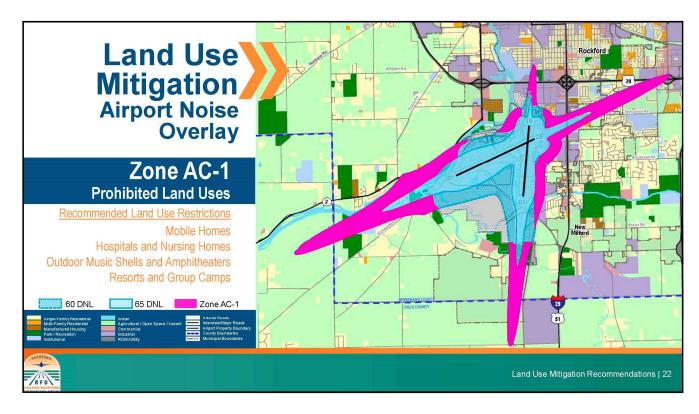
Responsible

Previously Approved Land Use Mitigation Measures

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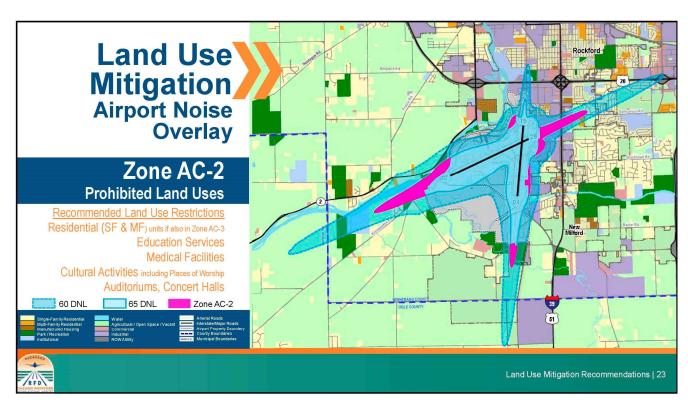
Measure	Description	Party	2003 Status	Current Status	Recommendation	
	Approved Land Use Measures					
LU-11	Acquire development and overflight rights via purchase of land use and avigation easement over undeveloped parcel in Runway 7 approach	GRAA	Approved	Fully Implemented	Recommended to be withdrawn from NCP	
LU-12	Offer options of voluntary sale to GRAA or sound insulation to owner of one (1) single-family residence south of the airport in the 65 DNL contour of the 1993 NCP.	GRAA	Approved	This measure was implemented with the voluntary sale of one (1) single-family home.	Recommended to be withdrawn as acquisition of the single-family home was completed.	
LU-13	Encourage the City of Rockford and Winnebago County to require plat notes on new subdivision plats and to record the notes on deeds for new subdivisions within the Airport Noise Overlay Zones	GRAA, City of Rockford, Winnebago County	Approved	To date, the airport noise contours are not referenced in any local subdivision ordinance.	Recommended to be continued with modification to include the new 2022/2027 NEMs.	
LU-14	Encourage Winnebago County, the City of Rockford, the Village of New Milford, and the Village of Davis Junction not to allow an increase in the residential density in the Agricultural Priority (AG) or Rural Residential (RR) zoning districts (Winnebago County) in the 2008 NEWNCP 60+ DNL noise contour.	GRAA, City of Rockford, Winnebago County, Ogle County and Villages of New Milford and Davis Junction	Approved	To date based on zoning ordinances the allowable residential densities allowed in these zones has been increased	Recommended to be continued with modification to include the new 2022/2027 NEMs.	

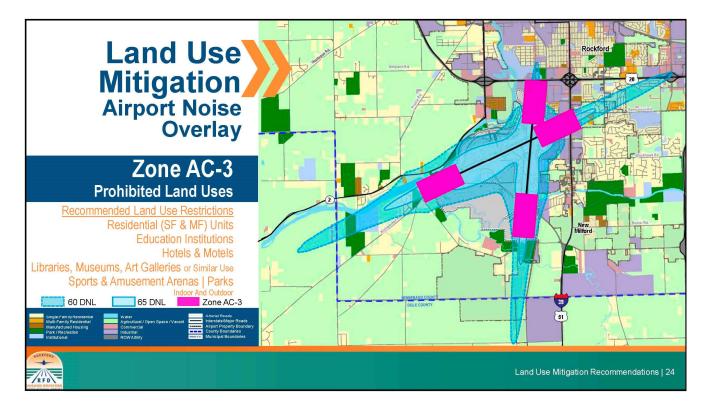
Previously Approved Land Use Measures | 21



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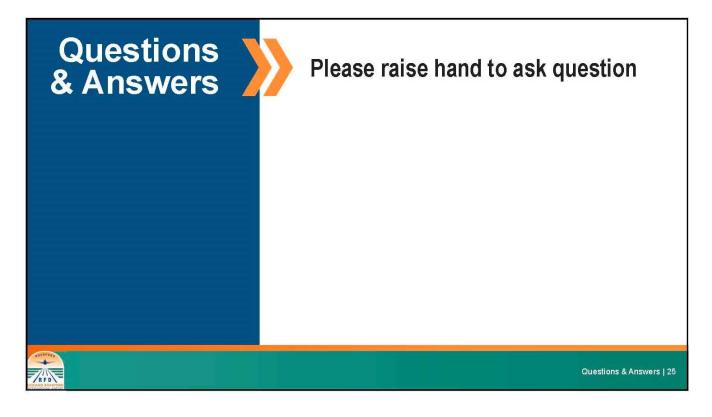


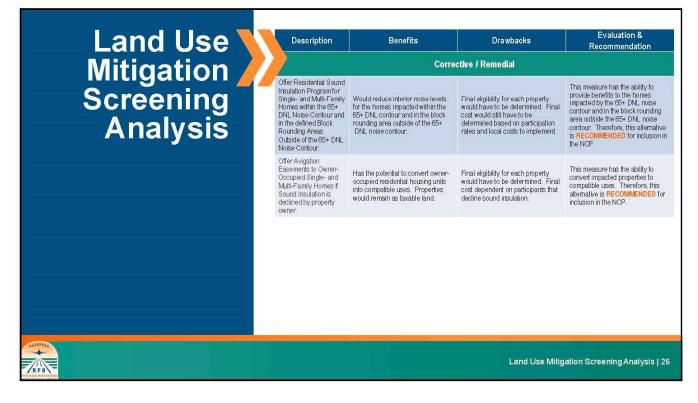




Appendix D Public Involvement | D-77







D-78 | Landrum & Brown

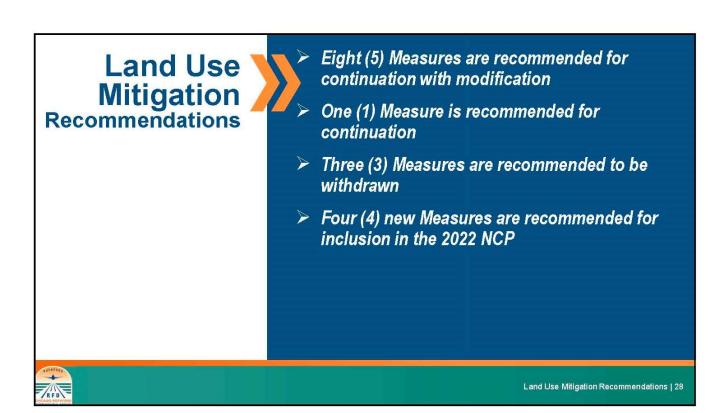


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14 CFR PART 150 NOISE COMPATIBILITY STUDY UPDATE Greater Rockford Airport Authority

Land Use Mitigation Screening Analysis

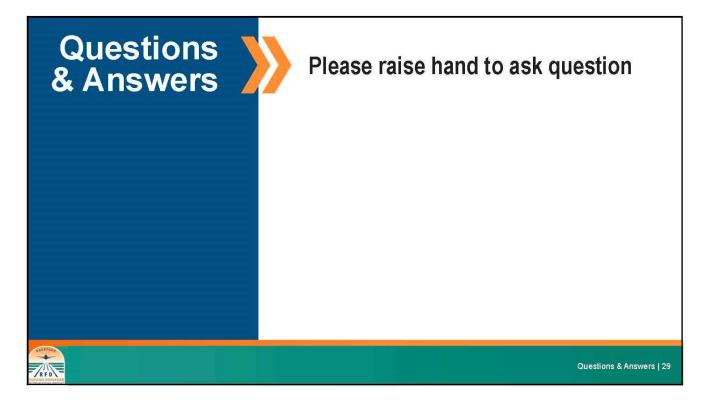
Description	Benefits	Drawbacks	Evaluation & Recommendation
	P	reventative	
Adopt Improved Building Codes	This alternative would recommend updating existing building codes to ensure that new residential construction meets current FAA criteria for sound insulation within AC-1 and AC-2 zones.	This alternative would likely increase the overall cost of residential construction	This measure will require potential builders to use higher quality materials during construction to reduce noise within residential structures within the 60+ DNL noise contours. Therefore, this alternative is RECOMMENDED for inclusion in the NCP.
Develop a Voluntary Fair Disclosure Program for Resale Properties	Will disclose through regulations on the seller or their representatives at the time of sale that an existing property could be subjected to aircraft noise. Potentia buyers will be made aware before they purchase the property that it is within AC-1 and AC-2 zones.	Will need to seek cooperation from the City of Rockford and Winnebago County along with the local Rockford realtors to participate.	This measure will notify potential buyers that they may be subjected to aircraft noise within the 60+ DNL noise contour. This alternative is RECOMMENDED for inclusion in the NCP.
Re-zoning of parcels within AC-1 and AC-2 zones	This measure would attempt to prevent future non-compatible development and land uses within AC-1 and AC-2 zones.	Potential loss of tax-base dependent on future zoning designation. Based on local land use regulations and ordinances, residential and other incompatible land uses are permitted within compatible zoning such as commercial and industrial.	This measure fails to meet FAA guidance for effectively preventing incompatible land use due to local land use guidelines. Therefore, this alternative is NOT RECOMMENDED for inclusion in the NCP.



Appendix D Public Involvement | D-79

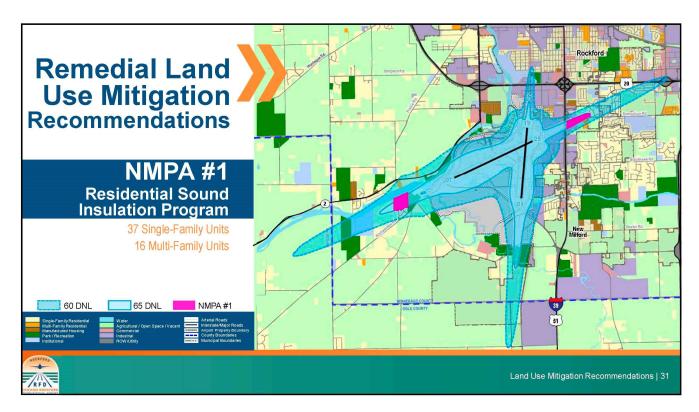
Land Use Mitigation Screening Analysis | 27

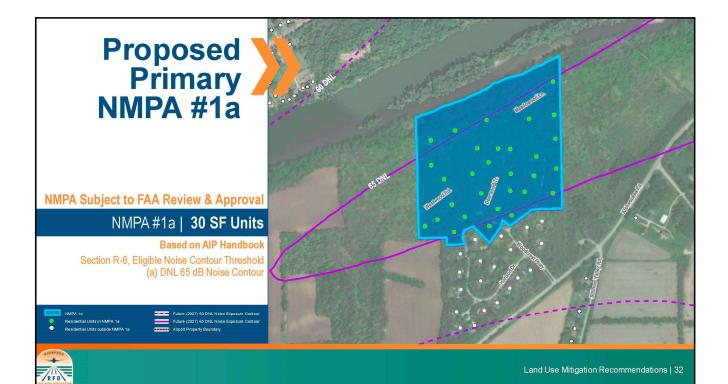






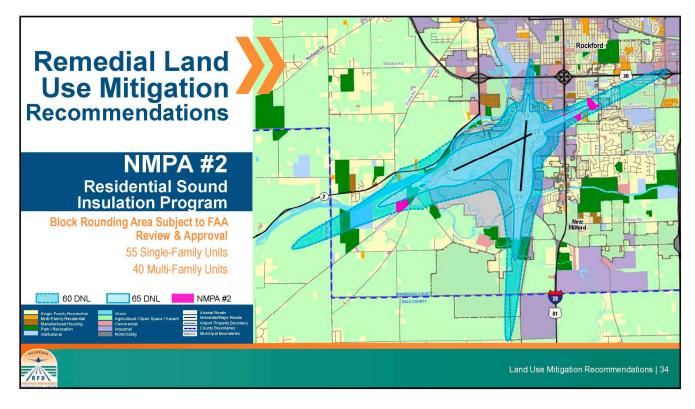






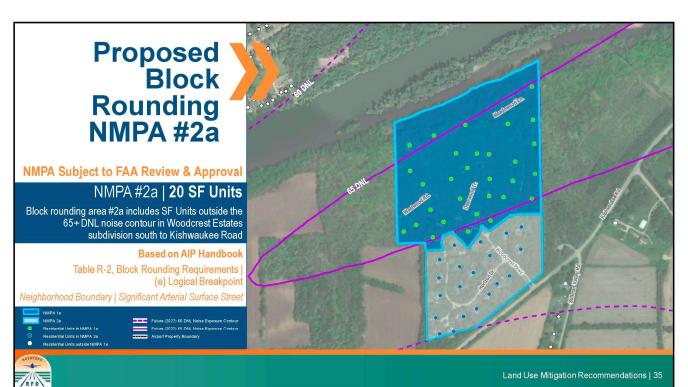


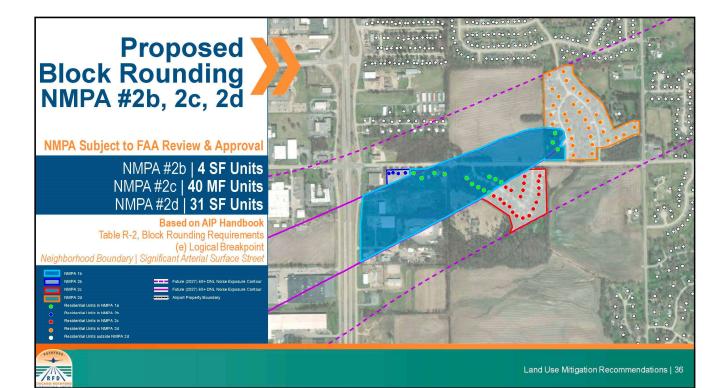




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Appendix D Public Involvement | D-83



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NMPA Housing Units and Population Counts

Land Use	Total Housing Units	Population	Total Housing Units	Population	Total Housing Units	Population
		Runway 7 Appi	roach End – Southwe	est of Airport		
SF Residential	30	76	20	51	50	127
MF Residential	0	0	0	0	0	0
		Runway 25 App	proach End – Northe	ast of Airport		
SF Residential	7	19	35	97	42	116
MF Residential	16	44	40	110	56	154
Total	53	139	95	258	148	397

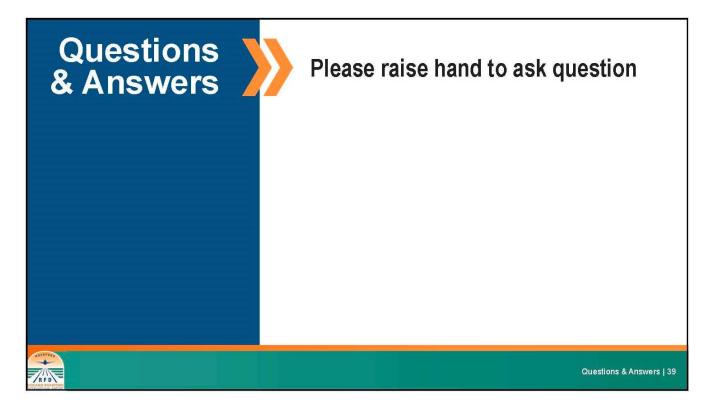
Corrective Land Use Mitigation Estimated Cost

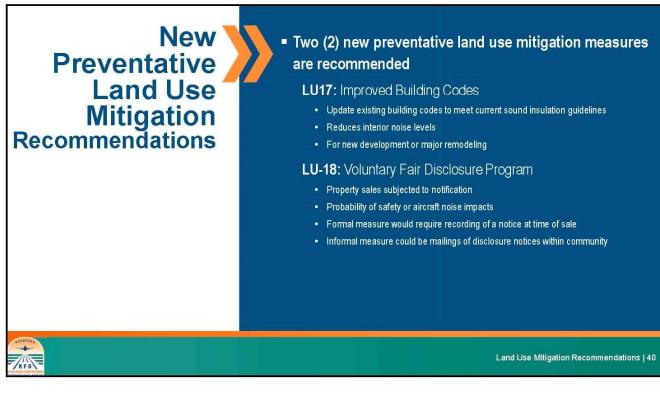
Measure Id	Type Of Measure	Direct Cost (Total)	Direct Cost To FAA (80% Share)	Direct Cost To Airport (20% Share)
	Residential Sound I	nsulation Program		
LU-15 ⁽¹⁾	Offer Residential Sound Insulation to 53 Residential Units within the 65 DNL Noise Contour (NMPA 1a & 1b) and 95 Residential Units outside the 65 DNL Noise Contour (NMPA 2a, 2b, 2c, & 2d)	\$9,187,500⁽²⁾ (\$62,500 per home)	\$7,350,000	\$1,837,500
Total cost for LU-15	o decline sound insulation would be offered avigation easements as part of measure LU-16. Estimated costs of aviga mitigation measure is the maximum possible mitigation cost and assumes 100 percent participation in program by ek	gible property owners. Property owners pa	articipating would also have to ensure they	meet both the eligibility requirements for
rior noise levels and	I the year the property was built. In addition, some property owners may choose one measure over another which wo	ould reduce overall costs. All costs are ba		
NMPA	Housing Counts	Direct Cost (Total)	Direct Cost To FAA (80% Share)	Direct Cost To Airport (20% Share)
NMPA 1a/1b	Housing Counts Residential Units inside 65 DNL- 53 SF & MF units	Direct Cost (Total) \$3,312,500		
Sanda and			(80% Share)	(20% Share)
1a/1b	Residential Units inside 65 DNL- 53 SF & MF units	\$3,312,500	(80% Share) \$2,650,000	(20% Share) \$662,500
1al'1b 2a	Residential Units inside 65 DNL- 53 SF & MF units Residential Units outside 65 DNL - 20 SF units	\$3,312,500 \$1,250,000	(80% Share) \$2,650,000 \$1,000,000	(20% Share) \$662,500 \$250,000

Land Use Mitigation Recommendations | 38

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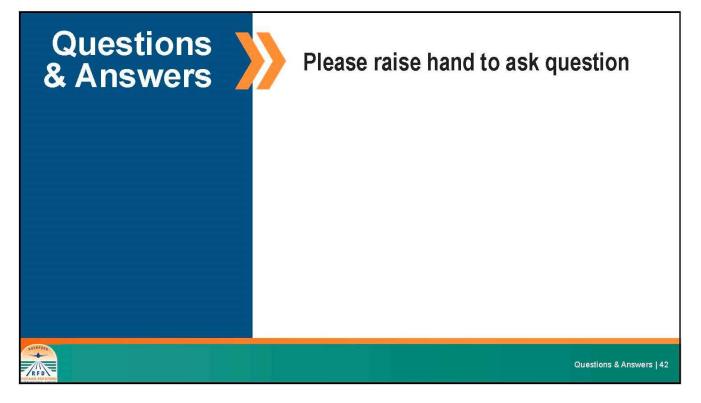




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Preventative Land Use Mitigation Estimated Costs

Type Of Measure	Direct Cost (Total)	Direct Cost To FAA (80% Share)	Direct Cost To Airport (20% Share)	Direct Cost To Local Government	Direct Cost To Users
		Mitigation Measure	s (Preventative)		
Adopt Improved Building Codes	\$25,000	\$20,000	\$5,000	Minimal	None
Develop A Voluntary Fair Disclosure Program	\$25,000		\$25,000	Minimal	None
Subtotal	\$50,000 Plus Administrative Costs	\$20,000 Plus Administrative Costs	\$30,000 Plus Administrative Costs	Minimal Administrative Costs; Plus Potential Loss Of Tax Base	None



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14 CFR PART 150 NOISE COMPATIBILITY STUDY UPDATE Greater Rockford Airport Authority

Previously Approved Program Management Measures

Measure	Description	Responsible Party	2003 Status	Current Status	2022 NCP Recommendation
	Approv	ved Program	Management	Measures	
OM-1	Monitoring compliance with recommended Noise Abatement Measures, contour updating (five-year cycle), and land use implementation assistance.	Greater Rockford Airport Authority (GRAA)	Approved	Implemented	Recommended to be continued
OM-2	Noise complaint response system and computer database.	GRAA	Approved	Partially Implemented	Recommended to be continued with modifications
OM-3	Plan review and evaluation. GRAA staff periodically review the NCP and consider revisions and refinements, as necessary.	GRAA	Approved	Implemented	Recommended to be continued
OM-4	Establish a Pilot/Community Awareness Program.	GRAA	Approved	Not Implemented	Recommended to be continued
OM-5	Publication of Instrument Departure Procedures for Runways 1, 19, and 25.	GRAA	Approved	Not Implemented	Recommended to be continued
OM-6	Update airport information in the Airport Facilities Directory.	GRAA	Approved	Implemented	Recommended to be continued

Previously Approved Program Management Measures | 43

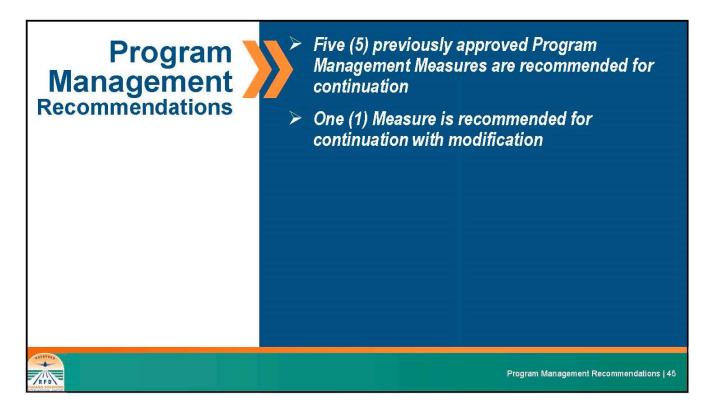
Program Management Screening Analysis

Description	Benefits	Drawbacks	Evaluation & Recommendation
Formal logging of noise complaints	This measure would provide airport staff with data on potential or emerging noise issues around the airport.	Costs for staff to maintain website, respond to telephone complaints and/or logging complaints in a formal manner.	Airport staff should continue to receive noise complaints on an as-required basis. Due to the low level of noise complaints, acquiring a noise complaint system is not recommended. However, a more formal system of complaint logging should be used by airport staff and the information used as a basis for future meetings. As a result, it is RECOMMENDED that the present system of logging noise complaints be continued with modification and should be included in the NCP. <i>Modification to</i> <i>OM-2</i>
Initiate noise monitoring program	This measure would provide the airport with information regarding aircraft noise levels to the public.	Costs to purchase, run, and maintain permanent noise monitoring system or portable noise monitors including staff costs to run the system and to analyze the data.	Due to the low level of noise complaints and the cost to implement and maintain a noise monitoring system/program, the alternative is NOT RECOMMENDED for further analysis.

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Program Management Screening Analysis | 44



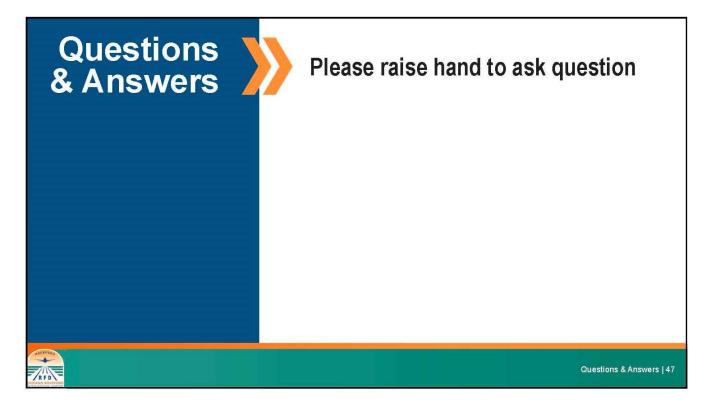


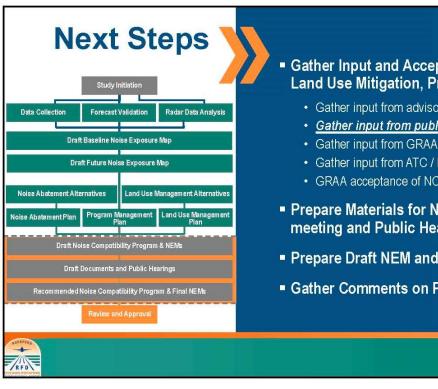
Program Management Estimated Costs

Type Of Measure	Direct Cost (Total)	Direct Cost To FAA (80% Share)	Direct Cost To Airport (20% Share)	Direct Cost To Local Government	Direct Cost To User
		Program Management	Measures		
Continue Logging of Noise Complaints	Minimal Administrative Costs	None	Minimal Administrative Costs	None	None
Initiate Community Roundtable or Noise Abatement Committee	Minimal Administrative Costs	None	Minimal Administrative Costs	None	None
	Perform	n Regular Updates to the NE	Ms and Review of NCP		
Update NEM ONLY	\$350,000 to \$400,000	\$280,000 to \$320,000	\$70,000 to \$80,000		
Or				None	None
Update NEM & NCP	\$650,000 to \$750,000	\$520,000 to \$600,000	\$130,000 to \$150,000		
Subtotal	\$350,000 to \$750,000 plus administrative costs	\$280,000 to \$600,000 plus administrative costs	\$70,000 to \$150,000 plus administrative costs	None	None

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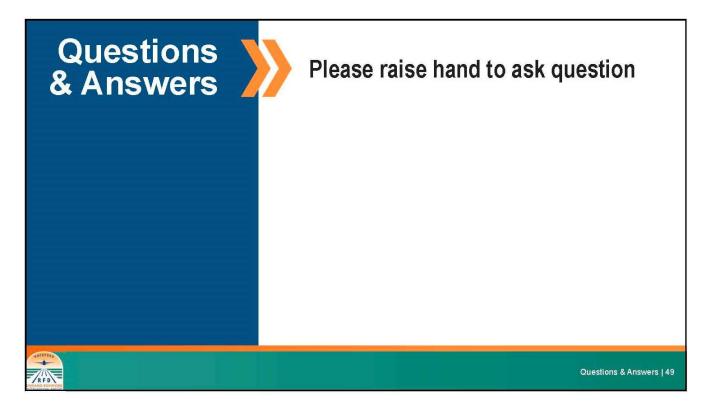


Gather Input and Acceptance of Noise Abatement, Land Use Mitigation, Program Management Measures

- · Gather input from advisory committee
- · Gather input from public
- · Gather input from ATC / FAA
- GRAA acceptance of NCP recommendations
- Prepare Materials for Next Advisory Committee meeting and Public Hearing/Workshop
- Prepare Draft NEM and NCP documentation
- Gather Comments on Preliminary Draft documentation

Next Steps | 48







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Public Workshop #3 & Public Hearing November 15th, 2023

- Public Workshop/Hearing Announcement
- Public Hearing Meeting Legal Notices
- Public Workshop Presentation
- Public Hearing Transcript
- Public Hearing Comments

Note: Meeting presentation and recording of meeting are available on the study website at https://www.airportprojects.net/rfd-part150/home/public-meetings/